# PM-SHRI Scheme

#### Source: IE

## Why in News?

After Punjab, the Delhi government has decided to sign a **Memorandum of Understanding (MoU)** with the central government to implement the **Pradhan Mantri Schools for Rising India (PM-SHRI)** scheme.

 The Education Ministry had stopped funds under the <u>Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)</u>, to Delhi, Punjab and West Bengal because of their reluctance to participate in the PM-SHRI scheme.

## Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)

- <u>Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)</u> is an integrated scheme for school education extending from pre-school to class XII to ensure inclusive and equitable quality education at all levels of school education.
  - It subsumes the 3 Schemes of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) and Teacher Education (TE).
    - The main emphasis of the Scheme is on improving the quality of school education by focussing on the two T's **Teacher and Technology.**
    - The Scheme is being implemented as a **Centrally Sponsored Scheme**.
  - The fund sharing pattern for the scheme between Centre and States is in the ratio of 90:10 for the North-Eastern States and the Himalayan States and 60:40 for all other States and Union Territories with Legislature.

#### What is the PM-SHRI Scheme?

- About:
  - The PM SHRI Scheme is a centrally sponsored initiative, launched in 2022, by the Government of India aimed at establishing over 14,500 PM SHRI Schools by enhancing existing schools to showcase the implementation of the <u>National Education Policy</u> (NEP) 2020.
- Objective:
  - The primary objective is to create an inclusive and nurturing
  - environment that promotes the well-being and safety of every student, offering diverse learning experiences and access to quality infrastructure and resources.
- Funding:
  - The funding pattern is **60:40 between Centre and State** Governments and UTs with legislature (except J&K).
  - The sharing pattern is **90:10 for North Eastern and Himalayan States** and UT of J&K and 100% central funding for the Union Territories without legislature.
  - States must confirm their participation by signing a **Memorandum of Understanding** (**MoU**) with the Education Ministry.

- Duration of Scheme:
  - The duration of the scheme is from 2022-23 to 2026-27, after which it shall be the responsibility of the states/UTs to continue to maintain the benchmarks achieved by these schools.
- Key Features of PM SHRI Schools:
  - These schools will focus on holistic student development of students including the skills of communication, collaboration and critical thinking.
  - Teaching methods will be experiential, inquiry-driven, and learner-centred.
  - Schools will have modern labs, libraries, art rooms, and promote "green" initiatives like water conservation and waste recycling.
  - They have best-in-class modern facilities, including Smart Classrooms, Computer Labs, Integrated Science Labs, Vocational Labs/Skill Labs, and Atal Tinkering Labs.
  - Learning outcomes will be prioritized, with competency-based assessments that apply knowledge to real-life situations.
- Schools Eligible to become PM SHRI School:
  - Schools managed by Central/State/UT Governments and local bodies.
  - All Kendriya Vidyalayas and Navodaya Vidyalayas which are non-project and run from permanent buildings.
- Monitoring Framework of Schools:
  - A <u>School Quality Assessment Framework (SQAF)</u> will monitor performance, with regular evaluations to ensure high standards.
    - SQAF is a **set of standards and best practices** as paradigms for attaining individual and institutional excellence.
- Selection of Schools: It is done through Challenge Mode in a 3-stage process:
  - Stage-1 involves signing MoU with the Centre.
  - Stage-2 identifies eligible schools based on <u>UDISE (Unified District Information</u> <u>System for Education)+</u> data, and
  - Stage-3 is a **challenge method** where eligible schools compete to fulfill certain criteria.
  - States/UTs/KVS/JNV verify claims and recommend schools, and an Expert committee headed by Secretary makes the final selection.

# National Education Policy (NEP) 2020

- The NEP 2020 aims to make India a global knowledge superpower, being the 3rd major revamp of the education framework since independence, following the 1968 and 1986 policies.
- Key Features:
  - Ensures universal access to education from pre-primary to Grade 12
  - Guarantees quality early childhood care and education for children aged 3-6.
  - Introduces a new 5+3+3+4 curricular structure aligned with the age groups of 3-8, 8-11, 11-14, and 14-18, covering Foundational (5 years), Preparatory (3 years), Middle (3 years), and Secondary (4 years) stages.
  - **Eliminates rigid divisions** between arts and sciences, curricular and extracurricular activities, and vocational and academic streams.
  - **Promotes multilingualism** and the use of Indian languages.
  - Establishes a National Assessment Centre, PARAKH, to assess and improve holistic development.
  - Proposes a **Gender Inclusion Fund and Special Education Zones** to support disadvantaged groups and regions.

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