



## Global Trans Fat Elimination Report: WHO

According to the first annual global progress report on trans fat elimination issued by World Health Organization (WHO), more than 110 countries still have no regulations against trans fat.

- Lack of regulations have left around five billion people at risk of industrially produced trans fat exposure in the foods they eat every day.
- This new report summarizes country actions to ban industrially produced trans fat and makes recommendations for action to achieve the 2023 goal for global elimination. It's recommendations are:
  - Develop and implement mandatory Trans-Fatty Acids (TFA) limits.
  - Share experiences and best practices in TFA elimination, and consider regional or intercountry networks to enhance actions.
  - Renew support and strengthen commitment for eliminating industrially produced TFA by 2023 to achieve the first elimination of a risk factor for noncommunicable diseases.
- Intake of [trans-fatty acids \(TFA\) is associated with increased risk](#) of heart attack and death from heart disease.
  - TFA intake is estimated to be responsible for more than half a million deaths from coronary heart disease each year around the world.
  - Replacing industrially produced TFA with healthier oils and fats is feasible without changing the taste of food or its cost to the consumer.

### Background

- In May 2018, the [World Health Organization \(WHO\) launched the REPLACE](#) action package to support governments to eliminate industrially produced TFA from the global food supply by 2023.
- In 2011, India set a TFA limit of 10% in all oils and fats, which was further reduced to 5% in 2015. In December 2018, the [Food Safety and Standards Authority of India](#) proposed reducing this limit further to 2% and eliminating artificial TFA in the food supply by 2022, a year ahead of the global target.

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