

## White Topping of Roads

## Source: TOI

The Union government is **developing a policy to reinforce aging national highways using a technique known as white-topping**, aimed at extending their lifespan.

- The <u>National Highways Authority of India (NHAI)</u> has been instructed to prioritise the upgrading of national highways to address maintenance concerns.
  - NHAI was established under the NHAI Act of 1988 under the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways.
  - It oversees the National Highways Development Project (NHDP) and other projects.
  - India's national highway network covers about 146,000 kilometers.
- Whitetopping is the process of applying an 100-200 mm overlay of cement concrete (bonded or unbonded) to existing bituminous roads (made using a mixture of asphalt and aggregate materials) for rehabilitation or structural strengthening.
  - Cement Concrete is a construction material made by mixing cement, water, aggregates (like sand and gravel), and often additives for building roads, bridges and other structures due to its strength, durability, and versatility.
- The technique offers fuel savings as vehicles consume less fuel on concrete roads, **reduces carbon emissions**, mitigates the urban heat island effect, and improves safety by enhancing the reflection of vehicle lights.
  - It also requires less energy for external lighting due to its reflective properties.

WHITE-TOPPING | A whitetop is a cement concrete layer placed over an existing asphalt pavement. It is stronger than asphalt overlay, and thus more resistant to rutting and surface initiated cracking

ULTRA-THIN WHITE-TOPPING

A type of whitetopping in which a concrete overlay of 50mm to 100mm thickness is placed over a distressed asphalt pavement

## **ADVANTAGES**

- Long life, low maintenance and low life-cycle cost
- Improved safety and environmental benefits
- Can help reduce rutting and cracking considerably
- Improves structural capacity of existing asphalt roads

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