

Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure

Why in News

Recently, the Prime Minister addressed the opening ceremony of International Conference on Disaster Resilient Infrastructure (ICDRI) through video conference.

• ICDRI is the annual international conference of the <u>Coalition for Disaster Resilient</u>
<u>Infrastructure (CDRI)</u> in partnership with member countries, organizations and institutions to strengthen the global discourse on disaster and climate resilient infrastructure.

Key Points

- About:
 - The Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure (CDRI) is a multi-stakeholder global partnership of national governments, UN agencies and programmes, multilateral development banks and financing mechanisms, the private sector, and knowledge institutions.
 - The **Prime Minister of India launched CDRI** during his speech at the **UN Climate Action Summit** on 23rd September 2019.
 - It **aims** to promote the resilience of new and existing infrastructure systems to climate and disaster risks in support of sustainable development.
 - Members: 22 countries and 7 organisations.
 - Thematic Areas: Governance and Policy, Risk Identification and Estimation, Standards and Certification, Capacity building, Innovation & Emerging Technology, Recovery and Reconstruction, Finance and Community based approaches.
 - The CDRI Secretariat is based in New Delhi, India.

Need:

- The <u>Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR)</u> highlights the role of improved disaster resilience of infrastructure as a cornerstone for sustainable development.
- The SFDRR includes four specific targets related to loss reduction:
 - Reduce global disaster mortality;
 - Reduce the number of affected people;
 - Reduce direct disaster economic loss; and
 - Reduce disaster damage to critical infrastructure.
- Target (4) on infrastructure is an important prerequisite to achieving the other loss reduction targets set out in the framework.
- Between 2016 and 2040, the global annual infrastructure investment needs are estimated at USD 3.7 trillion per year. Thus, there is a clear case for ensuring that all future infrastructure systems are resilient in the face of disasters in order to protect our investments.
- Significance for India:

- Provide a platform for India to emerge as a global leader on climate Action and Disaster Resilience.
 - CDRI boosts India's soft power, but more importantly it has wider connotation than
 just economics, as synergy between disaster risk reduction, <u>Sustainable</u>
 <u>Development Goals (SDGs)</u> and Climate Accord provides for sustainable and
 inclusive growth.
- Complement the **International Solar Alliance (ISA).**
- Facilitate India's support to resilient infrastructure in Africa, Asia, etc.
- Provide access to knowledge, technology and capacity development for infra developers.
- Create **opportunities for Indian infrastructure & technology firms** to expand services abroad.

Source: PIB

