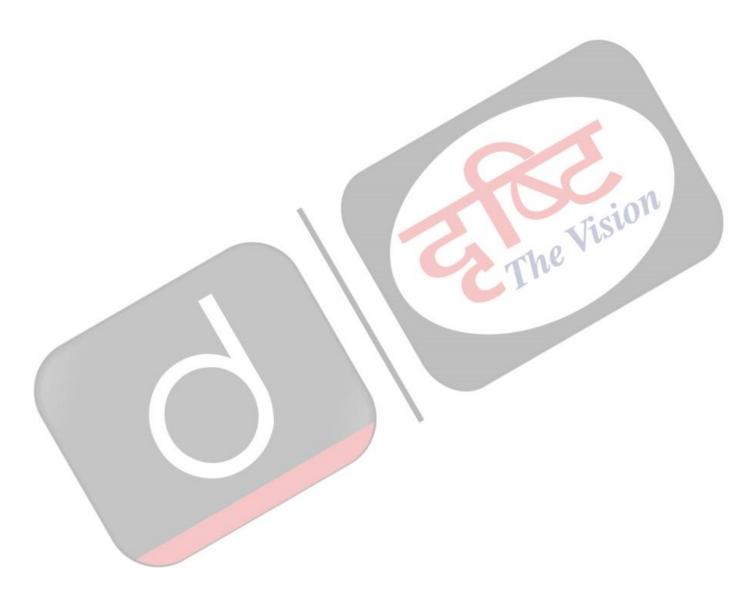


## **GM Crops**

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# **Genetically Modified Crops**

#### **About**

- Genetic modification of plants involves adding a specific stretch of DNA into the plant's genome, giving it new or different characteristics
- Also called Transgenic crops

## **Objective**

- o Increase yield
- o Increase tolerance to herbicides
- o Improve nutritional value
- o Provide resistance to disease/drought

#### **Global Cultivation**

- Top 5 GM growing countries USA, Brazil, Argentina, India and Canada
- Major GM Crops Soybean, maize, cotton and canola

## **GM Crops in India**

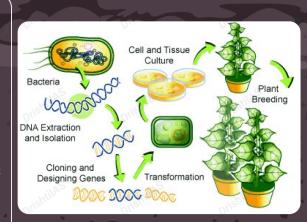
- Bt cotton only one GM crop approved, (90% of India's total cotton acreage) (resistance against pink bollworm)
- Ht Bt cotton resistance against glyphosate (herbicide)
- DMH-11 mustard recommended for commercial use (high yield)
- Golden rice probably the best variety of GM rice (Vitamin A)

#### **Concerns**

- Manipulation of GM Seed Cost
- Seeds don't create viable offsprings
- Insect-resistant plants harm non-targeted species too
- Intermixing violates natural plants' intrinsic values

### **GM Crop Regulation**

- Statutory Provision:
  - Rules for Manufacture, Use, Import, Export and Storage of Hazardous Microorganisms (HM) Genetically Engineered Organisms or Cells, 1989 under the Environment Protection Act (1986).
- Statutory Bodies:
  - Genetic Engineering Appraisal
    Committee (GEAC) (under MoEF&CC) administers commercial release of GMC
  - Recombinant DNA Advisory Committee (RDAC)
  - Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBSC)
  - Review Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM)
  - State Biotechnology Coordination Committee (SBCC)



#### Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety (2000)

- It seeks to protect biological diversity from the potential risks posed by Living Modified Organisms resulting from modern biotechnology.
- India is a signatory to this protocol.



Read more...

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