

Ranthambore Tiger Reserve

Why in News?

Recently, The forest department imposed a penalty of Rs 1 lakh each on 14 SUV owners who illegally entered Ranthambore Tiger Reserve (RTR) during an adventure rally.

Key Points

- The fine was imposed in accordance with **Section 27/51 of the Wildlife Act of, 1972.**
- About:
 - Ranthambore Tiger Reserve lies in the eastern part of Rajasthan state in Karauli and Sawai Madhopur districts, at the junction of the <u>Aravali</u> and <u>Vindhya hill</u> ranges.
 - It comprises the <u>Ranthambore National Park</u> as well as <u>Sawai Mansingh and</u> Kailadevi Sanctuaries.
 - The Ranthambore fort, from which the forests derive their name, is said to have a rich
 history of over 1000 years. It is strategically located atop a 700 feet tall hill within the park
 and is believed to have been built in 944 AD by a Chauhan ruler.
 - This isolated area with tigers in it represents the north-western limit of the Bengal tiger's distribution range and is an outstanding example of <u>Project Tiger's</u> efforts for conservation in the country.

Features:

- The reserve consists of highly fragmented forest patches, ravines, river streams and agricultural land.
- It is connected to <u>Kuno-Palpur Landscape</u> in Madhya Pradesh, through parts of Kailadevi Wildlife Sanctuary, the ravine habitats of Chambal and the forest patches of Sheopur.
- Tributaries of <u>River Chambal</u> provide easy passage for tigers to move towards the Kuno National Park.

Vegetation and Wildlife:

- The **vegetation** includes **grass**lands on plateaus and dense forests along the seasonal streams.
 - The forest type is mainly tropical dry deciduous with 'dhak' (Butea monosperma), a species of tree capable of withstanding long periods of drought, being the commonest.
 - This tree is also called 'Flame of forest' and is one of the many flowering plants that add colour to the dry summers here.
- The park is rich in **wildlife** with tigers at the apex of the food chain in mammals.
- Other animals found here are <u>leopards</u>, striped hyenas, common or hanuman langurs, <u>rhesus macaques</u>, jackals, jungle cats, <u>caracals</u>, <u>blackbuck</u>, Blacknaped hare and chinkara, etc.

Other Protected Areas in Rajasthan:

- Sariska National Park, Alwar
- Desert National Park, Jaisalmer
- Keoladeo National Park, Bharatpur
- Sajjangarh wildlife sanctuary, Udaipur
- National Chambal Sanctuary (on tri-junction of Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar

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