## **Catastrophe Bonds**

## Source: BS

<u>Catastrophe bonds</u>, which have delivered substantial returns for investors, are now under scrutiny due to concerns that their risk-reward dynamics might unfairly disadvantage issuers, particularly in the Caribbean.

- Catastrophe bonds or CAT bonds are financial instruments that pay high returns to investors in exchange for bearing the risk of significant <u>disasters</u>. These bonds are typically issued by insurers, or governments to obtain additional coverage for catastrophic events like <u>hurricanes</u>, <u>earthquakes</u>, or <u>floods</u>.
  - Catastrophe bonds allow investors to receive periodic interest payments, but if a predefined catastrophic event occurs, the bond's principal is used to cover the issuer's losses.
  - Payout conditions are based on triggers defined in the bond contract, which can be parametric (e.g. wind speed, seismic activity) or indemnity (e.g. actual loss figures reported by insurers).
- Recently, in Jamaica Catastrophe bonds have delivered double-digit returns, averaging around 15%, while issuers face significantly increased costs.
  - The bond issued by Jamaica was **not triggered despite the island being declared a disaster area** after **Hurricane Beryl**, raising questions about the bond's terms.
- Caribbean heads of government are seeking an examination of catastrophe bonds and insurancelinked securities to assess their fairness and market selection.

Read more: Catastrophe Bonds

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