

# **Indian Desert Cat**

### Why in News

Recently, an **Indian Desert Cat** has been spotted for the first time in **Madhya Pradesh's** <u>Panna Tiger</u> <u>Reserve (PTR).</u>

• The Indian Desert Cat is also known as the Asiatic Wildcat or the Asian Steppe Wildcat.

# **Key Points**

■ Scientific Name: Felis silvestris ornata //



#### About:

- It is usually a creature of the Thar desert in Rajasthan, and inhabits scrub desert areas.
- The cat occurs in arid and semi-arid zones of western India which includes Gujarat, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra up to Pune and Nagpur.
- This cat is found in deserts and can survive without water.
- The **toes of the species have cushion-like hair** which help it balance the fluctuating desert temperatures.

#### Habitat:

- It can be found mostly in **scrub deserts, up to 2,000-3,000 m elevation,** mountainous areas with sufficient vegetation, as well as **temperate forests.**
- The Asiatic wildcat usually occurs close to water sources but can also live in lowwater areas. It does not seem to avoid cultivated areas and human settlements.
  - It avoids vast deserts, dense forests and deep snow.

#### Threats:

- It possesses beautiful soft fur, hence, most sought after in the **international fur trade.**
- Hybridisation with domestic cats can lead to the loss of genetic information and is thought to be one of the main threats. Hybridisation was reported from Pakistan and

- Central Asia and is most likely also a problem in India.
- Another important threat is from **poaching related to conflict with humans.**
- Habitat destruction and reduced habitat quality remain important issues. The Asiatic wildcat is under heavy pressure due to land use changes.
- Rodenticides and other chemicals may also threaten it.
- Protection Status:
  - <u>IUCN Red List</u>: **Least Concern**
  - CITES: Appendix-II
  - Wildlife protection Act's: Schedule-I.

## **Panna Tiger Reserve**

#### Location:

- It was established in 1981 and is situated in the **Vindhya mountain range** in the northern part of Madhya Pradesh.
- Ken river (a tributary of the Yamuna River) flows through the reserve.
- The region is also famous for Panna diamond mining.
- Ken-Betwa river interlinking project will be located within the tiger reserve.

### Recognition:

- In July, 2021, PTR was awarded the Conservation Assured Tiger Standards (CAITS)
  certificate by the <u>National Tiger Conservation Authority</u> for meeting the established
  international standards for tiger conservation and management.
- The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) designated the Panna Tiger Reserve as a Biosphere Reserve on August 25, 2011.
- Other Tiger Reserves in Madhya Pradesh:
  - Sanjay-Dubri.
  - Satpura.
  - Bandhavgarh.
  - Madhay National Park
  - Pench Tiger Reserves

Source: IE

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