



Stray Dogs Near Corbett Tiger Reserve to be Vaccinated | Uttarakhand | 17 Aug 2024

Why in News?

According to the sources, **Stray dogs** in villages within 2 kilometre radius of the [Corbett Tiger Reserve](#)'s boundaries in Uttarakhand will be **vaccinated** against the [canine distemper virus](#) so that the **disease does not infect tigers and elephants of the reserve.**

Key Points

- Canine distemper is a contagious and serious disease that **attacks the respiratory, gastrointestinal and nervous systems of dogs.**
- The vaccination drive will be **conducted as part of a central government funded pilot project for better health of wildlife.**
 - It is a project of the [National Mission for Himalayan Studies](#) of the Government of India, aims to work on **ways to improve the health of the country's wildlife.**
 - **The Veterinary Department of Uttarakhand government** and [Indian Veterinary Research Institute \(IVRI\)](#) located in Uttar Pradesh's Bareilly will jointly examine and vaccinate stray dogs.

Canine Distemper Virus

- Canine distemper virus is known mainly to **cause a severe infection in dogs and wild carnivores** such as wolves, foxes, raccoons, red pandas, ferrets, hyenas, tigers, and lions.
- The prevalence of this virus and its diversity in wildlife of India is not adequately studied.
 - A lion does not eat the entire prey at one go. In between, the dogs consume the kill and infect it with the CDV. Once the lion returns to finish it off, it gets the deadly disease.
- The CDV is **more dangerous for lions than tigers.** This is because lions move together in large numbers, making them more vulnerable to the virus as compared to tigers that are more isolated and territorial animals.

World Elephant Day | Uttarakhand | 17 Aug 2024

Why in News?

Recently, The [Corbett Tiger Reserve](#) in Uttarakhand ran an awareness campaign to celebrate [World Elephant Day.](#)

Key Points

▪ Corbett Tiger Reserve

- It is located in **the Nainital district of Uttarakhand**. The [Project Tiger](#) was launched in 1973 in **Corbett National Park (first National Park of India)**, which is part of Corbett Tiger Reserve.
 - The national park was established in 1936 as Hailey National Park to protect the endangered Bengal tiger.
 - It is named after Jim Corbett who played a key role in its establishment.
- The core area forms the **Corbett National Park while the buffer contains reserve forests** as well as the Sonanadi Wildlife Sanctuary.
- The entire area of the reserve is mountainous and falls in the Shivalik and Outer Himalaya geological provinces.
- **Ramganga, Sonanadi, Mandal, Palain and Kosi** are the major rivers flowing through the Reserve.
- Sprawling over **500 square kilometres**, CTR is home to 230 tigers and has the world's highest tiger density at 14 tigers per hundred square kilometres.
- **Flora:**
 - Dense moist deciduous forests are found. According to the [botanical survey of India](#), Corbett has 600 species of plants - trees, shrubs, ferns, grass, climbers, herbs, and bamboo. Sal, Khair, and Sissoo are the most visible trees found in Corbett.
- **Fauna:**
 - Apart from tigers, Corbett also has leopards. Other mammals such as jungle cats, barking deer, spotted deer, sambar deer, sloth etc. are also found there.
- **Other Major Protected Areas of Uttarakhand:**
 - [Nanda Devi National Park](#).
 - Valley of Flowers National Park.
 - [Valley of Flowers National Park](#) and [Nanda Devi National Park](#) together are a [UNESCO World Heritage Site](#).
 - [Rajaji National Park](#).
 - [Gangotri National Park](#).
 - Govind National Park

National Parks & Sanctuaries of Uttarakhand



World Elephant Day

- It is celebrated every year on the **12th August** to bring awareness to the status of Asian and African elephants in the wild.
- The theme for 2024 is **“Personifying prehistoric beauty, theological relevance, and environmental importance”**.
- India is home to about **60%** of the world's Asian elephant population, with an estimated 27,312 individuals as per the 2017 census and 138 identified [elephant corridors](#).
- Elephants have a **gestation period of about 22 months**, the longest of any land animal.
- Asian elephants (Indian) are classified as **Endangered** on the [IUCN Red List](#) due to habitat loss, human-elephant conflict, and poaching.

ELEPHANT

4 Main Species of Elephant

Species	Found in	IUCN Red List Status	Habitat
Indian	Asia	EN (CITES - Appendix I, WPA - Schedule I)	Subtropical broadleaf forest, tropical broadleaf moist forest, dry forest, grassland
Sumatran	Asia	CR	Broadleaf moist tropical forests
Savanna (Bush)	Africa	EN	All sub-Saharan Africa except for Central Africa's dense tropical forest
Forest	Africa	CR	Dense Tropical Forests

Indian Elephant (*Elephas maximus*)

Largest Land Mammal on Asian Continent
National Heritage Animal of India

Top 5 Indian States by Maximum Elephant Population: (As per elephant census 2017)

- Karnataka > Assam > Kerala > Tamil Nadu > Odisha

Social Structure:

- Female elephants are more social than males; form herd (generally 5-7)
- Led by the oldest female, the 'matriarch'
- Males usually live alone

Threats:

- Habitat Fragmentation
- Poaching for Ivory
- Human-Elephant Conflict
- Mistreatment in Captivity

Conservation Efforts:

- Gaj Soochna App (2022)
- Gaj Yatra (2017)
- Hathi Mere Sathi campaign (2011)
- National Elephant Corridor project (2005)
- Monitoring the Illegal Killing of Elephants (MIKE) Programme (2003)
- Project Elephant (1992)