



New Flight Schedule to Boost Regional Tourism | Madhya Pradesh | 02 Aug 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the **Madhya Pradesh government** expanded air services routes to boost [regional tourism](#) and announced a new flight schedule for the [PM Shri Tourism Air Service](#).

Key Points

- The scheme **aimed at enhancing tourism and improving air connectivity**, has announced a **new scheme scheduled to start from 1st August 2024**.
 - The service will now incorporate **cluster routes linking Khajuraho** to Bhopal, [Gwalior](#), **Rewa and Singrauli**.
 - Flights from **Bhopal and Jabalpur to Ujjain** will be offered on Sunday, while services to Khajuraho will operate on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
 - The **state is classified into five regions**-Gwalior and Chambal, Baghelkhand region, Bundelkhand region, Mahakaushal region, Malwa-Nimar region and Narmadapuram.
- The state government is set to host an ambitious **39th IATO (Indian Association of Tour Operators) Annual Convention** in **Bhopal** to boost tourism in MP.
 - This event is **expected to draw over 1000 delegates**, including tour operators, hoteliers, and other key stakeholders from across the country, **promising to enhance both domestic and international tourism in Madhya Pradesh**.

PM Shri Tourism Air Service

- The PM Shri Tourism Air Service was **inaugurated on 13th June 2024**.
- It is an **intra-state air service that connects Madhya Pradesh's religious and tourist spots**, aiming to improve connectivity for domestic and international tourists.

Toxic Waste Disposal of Bhopal Gas Tragedy | Madhya Pradesh | 02 Aug 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the **Madhya Pradesh government** decided to **incinerate 337 Metric Tons (MT) of toxic waste** from the Union Carbide facility, nearly 40 years after [the Bhopal gas tragedy, 1984](#).

Key Points

- The **central government** has earmarked **Rs 126 crore for the disposal of the waste.**
 - The **disposal process is expected to be executed in 180 days**, at the incinerator of the **Treatment Storage Disposal Facility (TSDF) in Pithampur, Indore.**
- The disposal process involves transporting the waste from the contaminated site to the disposal site, blending it with reagents, and then incinerating it.
 - The Madhya Pradesh Department of [Bhopal Gas Tragedy Relief and Rehabilitation \(BGTRR\)](#) will oversee the disposal.
- **Challenges and Concerns:**
 - The plan to **incinerate the waste at the Pithampur TSDF has faced opposition from residents**, leading to the suspension of further plans in 2015.
 - A 2021 [National Green Tribunal \(NGT\)](#) report directed the remediation of the [Solar Evaporation Ponds \(SEPs\)](#) located north of the factory, indicating ongoing environmental contamination.
 - The Solar Evaporation Ponds (SEPs) were **used primarily to store low-level radioactive wastes contaminated with high concentrations of nitrate.**
 - Traces of heavy metals and other contaminants have been found in the borewell water around the site, exceeding acceptable limits.
 - Social groups working for the rehabilitation of the gas tragedy victims have refuted claims about the safety of the incineration process, citing **high levels of Dioxins and Furans** detected during trial runs.

The Bhopal Gas Tragedy 1984

- The **Bhopal gas tragedy** was one of the **worst industrial accidents in history that occurred on the night of 2-3 December 1984** at the **Union Carbide India Limited (UCIL) pesticide plant in Bhopal, MP.**
- It exposed people and animals to the highly toxic gas [methyl isocyanate \(MIC\)](#), causing immediate and long-term health effects and deaths.

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