

628 Tigers Died in India

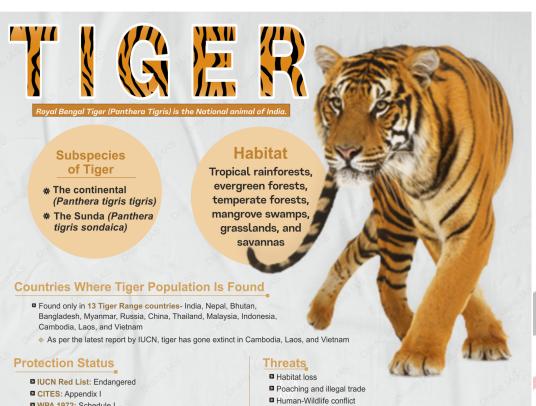
Why in News?

According to government data, a total of **628** tigers died in India during the past five years due to natural causes and other reasons, including poaching.

Key Points

- According to the <u>National Tiger Conservation Authority (NTCA)</u>, 96 tigers died in 2019, 106 in 2020, 127 in 2021, 121 in 2022, and 178 in 2023.
 - 349 people were killed in tiger attacks during this period, with Maharashtra alone recording 200 deaths.
 - Uttar Pradesh recorded 59 human deaths in tiger attacks while Madhya Pradesh reported 27.
- India launched Project Tiger on April 1, 1973, to promote tiger conservation.
 - Currently, India has 55 tiger reserves covering more than 78,735 square km, nearly 2.4% of the country's geographical area, of tiger habitat.





■ WPA 1972: Schedule I

Conservation Efforts

- International Big Cats Alliance (IBCA): For conservation of seven big cats namely Tiger, Lion, Leopard, Snow Leopard, Cheetah, Jaguar and Puma (launched by India)
- Tx2 campaign: Launched by WWF; stands for 'Tiger times 2' signaling the goal to double the tiger population by 2022
- National Tiger Conservation authority (NTCA): Constituted under the WPA, 1972
- Project Tiger: Launched in 1973
- Tiger Census: Every 4 years

Tigers In India

- India has the largest population
 - As of 2022, India has 3167 tigers
 - Largest population has been found in Central Indian Highlands & Eastern Ghats Landscape
- Tiger Reserves: India now has 53 tiger reserves
- Ranipur in UP is the latest
- Nagarjun Sagar (Andhra Pradesh) is the largest while Orang (Assam) is the smallest (Core area)



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