

Successful Phase-II Ballistic Missile Defence System Test

Source: TH

The <u>Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO)</u> has successfully tested its <u>Phase-II <u>Ballistic Missile Defence (BMD) system</u>, showcasing India's advanced capabilities in defending against <u>long-range ballistic missile threats</u>.</u>

- The Phase-II system can intercept ballistic missiles with a **range of up to 5,000 km**, enhancing India's strategic defence.
 - Phase-I BMD, capable of intercepting missiles with ranges up to 2,000 km, has already been deployed.
- The Phase-II missile is a two-stage, solid-propelled, ground-launched system designed for endo to low exo-atmospheric interception.
 - The test demonstrated a network-centric warfare weapon system, including long-range sensors, low-latency communication, and advanced interceptor missiles.
- The Indian Ballistic Missile Defence (BMD) Programme, initiated in 2000 after the Kargil War, aims to protect India from missile threats, particularly from Pakistan and China.
 - It employs a multi-layered approach with interceptor missiles like <u>Prithvi Air Defence</u> and **Advanced Air Defence**. Recent efforts focus on enhancing capabilities through global cooperation and acquiring systems like the <u>Russian S-400 Triumf</u>.
 - The DRDO is developing an indigenous multi-tier network to counter missiles with ranges of up to 2000 km and 5000 km in Phases 1 and 2, respectively.
 - The network includes surveillance radars for the detection and tracking of incoming missiles.
- Ballistic missiles of India are <u>Agni</u>, <u>K-4</u> (SLBM), <u>Prahaar</u>, <u>Dhanush</u>, <u>Prithvi</u> and <u>Trishul</u>.

Read more: **Shaurya Missile**

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/successful-phase-ii-ballistic-missile-defence-system-test