

## Sindhu-Sarasvati Civilisation and Ujjayini Meridian

## **Source: IE**

The **new NCERT incorporates several changes** from the previous textbooks. The textbook **aims to align** with the **National Curriculum Framework for School Education 2023** and the **National Education Policy 2020**, emphasising the integration of traditional Indian knowledge and a thematic approach to social science education.

## **Changes in NCERT Textbooks:**

- The textbook refers to the <u>Harappan civilization</u> as the 'Indus-Sarasvati' or 'Sindhu-Sarasvati' civilisation, highlighting the prominence of the Sarasvati river.
  - It mentions that the Sarasvati River, now known as the Ghaggar-Hakra River, was
    a major part of the Harappan civilization and that its desiccation contributed to
    the decline of the civilization.
- Long before the adoption of the <u>Greenwich Meridian</u>, India had its prime meridian, known as the "Madhya rekha" (or "middle line"), which passed through the <u>city of Ujjain</u>.
  - The textbook introduces the concept of the 'Ujjayini meridian', an ancient prime meridian of India, which was used for astronomical calculations.
- Other Changes in Structure and Content:
  - The new textbook is a **single volume covering five themes**, unlike the previous separate textbooks for History, Political Science, and Geography.
    - It aims to present a more integrated and interdisciplinary approach to social science education.
  - The chapter on diversity has shifted its focus, with less emphasis on <u>caste-based</u> <u>discrimination</u> and inequality compared to the previous textbook.

Read More: <u>National Education Policy 2020</u>, <u>National Curriculum Framework for School Education 2023</u>

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