

PLI Scheme for Telecom Sector

Why in News

The Union Cabinet has approved the <u>Production-Linked Incentive (PLI)</u> scheme for the telecom sector with an outlay of Rs. 12,195 crores over five years.

MAKE-IN-INDIA PUSH What's the Objective: To make India an electronics scheme: It will production hub, create offer gear makers annual cash jobs and cut imports, incentives of especially from China 4-7% on any **Expected benefit:** increase in sales Offsetting import of of locally made telecom equipment equipment over worth more than the next five ₹50,000 crore years, compared Incremental with 2019-20 production: levels ₹2.4 trillion worth of equipment in 5 years

Key Points

About the PLI Scheme:

 In order to boost domestic manufacturing and cut down on import bills, the central government in March 2020 introduced a scheme that aims to give companies incentives on incremental sales from products manufactured in domestic units.

The Vision

- Apart from **inviting foreign companies to set shop in India,** the scheme also aims to encourage local companies to set up or expand existing manufacturing units.
- The Scheme has been approved for many sectors including electronic products, IT hardware, pharmaceuticals, automobiles and components, etc.

PLI Scheme for Telecom Sector :

- About:
 - This Scheme is **for domestic manufacturing of telecom and networking products** such as switches, routers, 4G/5G radio access network, wireless equipment and other internet of things (IoT) access devices.
 - It will be operational from 1st April, 2021.
- Eligibility for the Scheme:
 - It is subject to achieving a minimum threshold of cumulative incremental investment and incremental sales of manufactured goods.
 - The **cumulative investment can be made at one go,** subject to annual cumulative threshold as prescribed for four years being met.
 - **2019-20 will be treated as the base year** for computation of cumulative incremental sales of manufactured goods net of taxes.
- Incentives:
 - An investor who qualifies for the scheme will be incentivised up to 20 times the minimum investment threshold, enabling them to utilise their unused capacity.
- Higher Incentives for MSMEs:
 - For Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs), the minimum investment threshold has been kept at Rs. 10 crore, while for others it is Rs. 100 crore.
 - For MSMEs, a 1% higher incentive is also proposed in the first three years.
- Significance:
 - The scheme is expected to lead to an incremental production of about Rs. 2.4 lakh crore, with exports of about Rs. 2 lakh crore over five years and bring in investments of more than Rs. 3,000 crore.
 - Scheme is also likely to generate 40,000 direct and indirect employment opportunities and generate tax revenue of Rs. 17,000 crore from telecom equipment manufacturing.
 - Through this scheme, India will move towards self-reliance. Currently, India imports over 80% of its telecom and wireless networking equipment.

Source: IE

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