

Budget Widens RBI's Autonomy

The <u>Union budget 2019-20</u> has expanded the <u>Reserve Bank of India's</u> powers by bringing <u>Housing</u> <u>Finance Companies</u> (HFCs) under its ambit and deepening its governance over Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFCs).

- Increase in RBI's autonomy can be attributed to the crisis at <u>Infrastructure Leasing and</u>
 Financial Services Ltd (IL&FS), which led to a <u>liquidity crisis in NBFC</u> sector.
 - With reference to IL&FS crisis , <u>Serious Fraud Investigation Office</u> (SFIO) had also noted that timely RBI intervention could have averted the crisis.

Wider Regulatory Powers: The Union budget 2019-20 has proposed to amend the **RBI Act 1934,** in order to strengthen the central bank's autonomy and <u>regulatory powers</u> in following domains:

- It can supersede the board of NBFCs (other than those owned by the government) in the public interest or to prevent the affairs of NBFC being conducted in a manner detrimental to the interests of the depositor or creditor.
- It can remove and can further appoint the director of a board of NBFC.
- The proposed amendment to the RBI act will allow it to frame schemes for amalgamating, splitting and reconstructing an NBFC that will enable resolution of financially troubled NBFCs through a merger or by splitting them into viable and non-viable units called bridge institutions.
- RBI can also remove auditors, call for audit of any group company of an NBFC, and have control
 over the compensation of senior management.

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