

India-Italy Bilateral Summit

Why in News

Recently, a **virtual Bilateral Summit between India and Italy** has been held to comprehensively review the broad framework of the bilateral relationship and also strengthen cooperation against common global challenges, including the <u>Covid-19 pandemic</u>.



Key Points

- Both nations decided to adopt the Action Plan for an enhanced Partnership between India and Italy (2020-2024) to set up priorities, strategic goals and mechanisms of a bilateral partnership.
- Economic Engagement:
 - Agreed to coordinate closely at multilateral fora especially <u>G-20</u>.
 - Italy will assume the Presidency of G-20 in December 2021 followed by India in 2022.
 - Saudi Arabia is holding the current presidency of G20.
 - Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between Cassa Depositi Prestiti (CDP), an Italian investment bank and National Infrastructure Investment Fund (NIIF) to promote innovative financial schemes capable of supporting bilateral investments.
 - Italy is India's fifth-largest trading partner in the <u>European Union</u> (EU).
- Defence Cooperation:
 - Underscored the need to further expand defence engagement through greater two-

- way collaboration and technology cooperation, co-development and co-production.
- Recognised the opportunity to consolidate defence relations with the aim of enhancing the effectiveness of peacekeeping activities within the framework of the United Nations (UN).
- Cooperation During Covid-19 Pandemic:
 - **Italy thanked India for extending support during the pandemic** by supplying medicines and personal protection equipment (PPE).
 - The Indian community in Italy is the **second-largest community of Indians in Europe after the UK.**
 - Reiterated that the pandemic calls for an inclusive multilateral approach to health protection, especially in the framework of the UN and the <u>World Health Organisation</u> (WHO).
 - Welcomed the World Health Summit, which will be held in Italy in 2021, in cooperation with the European Union (EU) Commission.
 - The World Health Summit is one of the world's leading strategic forums for global health and is held in October every year.
- Science, Technology and Research Collaboration:
 - Welcomed the progress made under India-Italy Science and Technology Cooperation and the India-Italy Executive Programme of Cooperation.
 - Welcomed the establishment of Thematic Working Groups as a method of work between the Italian Space Agency (ASI) and the <u>Indian Space Research Organisation</u> _(ISRO) as well as the creation of the first joint ASI-ISRO working group in heliophysics.
 - Heliophysics is the study of the effects of the Sun on the Solar System.
- Cooperation for Counter-Terrorism and Security:
 - Pledged to strengthen cooperation in the fight against terrorism and transnational crime both at a bilateral level and in multilateral fora and also agreed to hold the next meeting of the 'India-Italy Joint Working Group on Counter-Terrorism' to further advance cooperation, exchange of expertise and capacity building in 2021.
- Regional Cooperation and Connectivity:
 - India and Italy acknowledged the potential of new international organisations such as the <u>Coalition on Disaster Resilient Infrastructures</u> (CDRI) and the <u>International Solar</u> <u>Alliance</u> (ISA).
 - India welcomed Italy joining ISA after it coming into force of the universalisation of ISA.
 - India also welcomed Italy's engagement in the <u>Indian Ocean Rim Association</u> (IORA) and <u>Italy's new status as Development Partner of <u>ASEAN</u>.
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- Multilateral Cooperation on Environment:
 - Reaffirmed their commitment to the implementation of the <u>United Nations Framework</u>
 <u>Convention on Climate Change</u> (UNFCCC) and its <u>Paris Agreement</u> and their
 respective <u>nationally determined contributions</u> (NDCs).
 - Highlighted the significance of cooperation in the run-up to the 26th Conference of Parties (COP26) of the UNFCCC, which will be organised in 2021 by the UK in partnership with Italy.

Source: PIB

