

# Madhya Pradesh Public Service Commission (MPPCS) GK

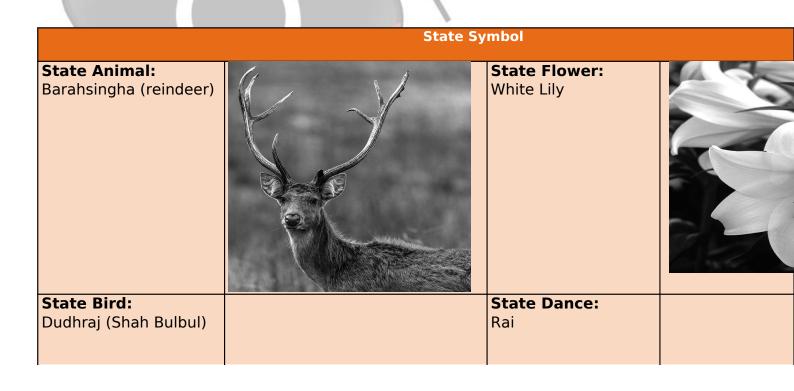
Last Updated: May 2024

## **Madhya Pradesh GK**

Formation	1 <sup>st</sup> november, 1956
Capital	Bhopal
Population	7,26,26,809
Region	3,08,252 sq. km.
Population density in state	236 persons per sq.km.
Total Districts	55 Districts
Other Name of State	Hriday Pradesh, Soya State, Tiger State, Leopard State
High Court	Jabalpur (Bench – Indore, Gwalior)









## **Madhya Pradesh: General Information**

- State Madhya Pradesh
- Constitution 01 November, 1956 (Present Form 1 November 2000)
- Area 3,08,252 sq. km.
- Population 7,26,26,809
- Capital Bhopal
- Total District 55
- No. of Divisions 10
- Block 313
- Tehsil (March 2024) 428
- The largest tehsil (area) of the state Indore
- The smallest tehsil (area) of the state Ajaygarh (Panna)
- Town/city 476
- Municipal Corporation (2018-19) 16
- Municipality 99
- City Council 294
- Total Village **54903**
- Zilla Panchayat 51
- Gram Panchayat 23066
- Tribal Development Block 89
- State Symbol A circle inside the 24 stupa shape, in which there are earrings of wheat and paddy.
- State River Narmada
- State Theater Mach
- Official Anthem Mera Madhya Pradesh Hai (Composer Mahesh Srivastava)
- State fish Mahseer (announced in 2013)
- State Crop Soybean
- Official language Hindi
- State legislature Unicameral (assembly)
- Number of Assembly Members 231 [230 + 1 Anglo-Indian Member]

- Number of seats reserved for Scheduled Castes in the Legislative Assembly 35
- Number of seats reserved for Scheduled Tribes in the Legislative Assembly 47
- Number of members in Lok Sabha 29
- Lok Sabha seats reserved for Scheduled Castes 4
- Lok Sabha seats reserved for Scheduled Tribes 6
- Seats for Rajya Sabha 11

#### Census

- Male Population 3,76,12,306
- Female Population 3,50,14, 03
- Rural Population 5,25,57,404
- Rural Male 2,71,49,388
- Rural Female 2,54,08,016
- Urban population 200,69,405
- Urban Male 1,04,62,918 Urban Women - 96,06,487
- Madhya Pradesh's place in the country in terms of area Second
- Most malnourished district Sheopur
- Least malnourished district Bhopal
- The population density of the state of Madhya Pradesh is 236 sq. km.
- District with highest population density Bhopal (855 persons per sq. km.)
- The district with the lowest population density Dindori (94 persons per sq. km.)
- Largest division in terms of area Jabalpur
- The Vision The smallest division in terms of area - Narmadapuram (Hoshangabad)
- Most densely populated division Indore
- Most sparsely populated division Shahdol
- Largest district in terms of area Chhindwara
- Smallest district in terms of area Niwari
- Largest district in terms of population Indore
- Smallest district in terms of population Harda
- District with highest sex ratio in the state Balaghat (1021)
- The district with the lowest sex ratio in the state Bhind (837)
- Literacy rate in Madhya Pradesh 69.3 percent
- Male Literacy 78.7 percent
- Female literacy **59.2 percent**
- Most Literate Division Jabalpur
- Least Literate Division Indore
- Most literate district of the state Jabalpur (81.01%)
- Least literate district in the state Alirajpur (36.1%)
- District with highest male literacy Indore
- District with highest female literacy Bhopal
- The largest tribe of the state Bhil

### Geographical and Other Features of the State

- Geographical location of the state 21° 6' to 26° 30' North Latitude and 74° 9' to 82° 48' **East Longitude**
- Length from North to South 605 km.
- Width from East to West 870 km.
- States bordering the state 5, [U.P. (North-East), Maharashtra (South-West), Chhattisgarh (South-East), Rajasthan (North-West) and Gujarat (West)]
- State meeting the maximum limit of the state Uttar Pradesh
- State meeting the minimum limit of the state Gujarat
- The line passing through the middle of the state Tropic of Cancer (passes through 14
- Percentage of Madhya Pradesh in the total area of India 9.38%
- Highest point of the state Dhupgarh hill (located in Mahadev hill)

- Lowest place in the state Narmada-Son Valley
- Hottest place Khajuraho
- Coldest place Shivpuri
- The largest river of the state Narmada river (1312 km.)

		Districts
Border states	Numbers	Districts
Uttar Pradesh	14	Bhind, Tikamgarh, Chhatarpur, Panna,
Chhattisgarh	6	Sidhi, Shahdol, Dindori, Balaghat, Singr
Rajasthan	10	Morena, Shivpuri, Guna, Rajgarh, Neem
Gujarat	2	Jhabua, Alirajpur
Maharashtra	9	Alirajpur, Barwani, Khargone, Khandwa

		States and thei
Border states		Border districts
Uttar Pradesh (11 Distri	icts)	Agra, Etawah, Jalaun, Jhansi, Lalitpur, Banda, I
Rajasthan (10 Districts)		Pratapgarh, Banswara, Baran, Jhalawar, Sawai
Maharashtra (8 Districts	s)	Dhule, Nagpur, Amravati, Bhandara, Buldhana
Chhattisgarh (7 District	s)	Rajnandgaon, Kabirdham, Bilaspur, Mungeli, S
Gujarat (2 Districts)		Dahod, Vadodara
Major Waterfa	lls of Madhya Pradesh	Vision
Waterfalls	Location (river)	The
Kapil dhara Waterfall	Amarkantak, Anuppur (Narmada River)	
Dugdha dhara	Amarkantak, Anuppur	
Waterfall	(Narmada River)	

Major Waterfalls of Madhya Pradesh		
Waterfalls	Location (river)	
Kapil dhara Waterfall	Amarkantak, Anuppur	
	(Narmada River)	
Dugdha dhara	Amarkantak, Anuppur	
Waterfall	(Narmada River)	
Dhuandhar Waterfall	Bhedaghat, Jabalpur (Narmada River)	
Sahastradhara Waterfall	Maheshwar (Narmada River)	
Mandhar Waterfall	Khandwa (Narmada River)	
Dardi Waterfall	Khandwa (Narmada River)	
Bhalkund Waterfall	Sagar (Bina River)	
Patalpani Waterfall	Indore (Chambal River)	
Jhadidaha Waterfall	Indore (Chambal River)	
Chuliya Waterfall	Mandsaur (Chambal River)	
Rahatgarh Waterfall	Sagar (Chambal River)	
keoti Waterfall	Rewa (Mahana River)	
Chachai Waterfall	Rewa (Beehad River)	
Bahuti Waterfall	Sailor River (Rewa)	
Pandava Waterfall	Panna (Ken River)	
Apsara Waterfall	Pachmarhi	
Silver Fall	Pachmarhi	
Duchess Fall	Pachmarhi	
Bea Fall	Pachmarhi	
<b>Note:</b> At present the highest waterfall of Madhya Pradesh is Bahuti Falls, which is located in Rewa district. Its height is 198 meters (650 ft). Whereas		

before this, Chachai Falls was the highest waterfall in Madhya Pradesh, whose height is 130 meters.

	Major Citie
River	To
Narmada	Or
Chambal	Sh
Tapti	Mu
Betwa	Or
Parvati	Sh
Sindh	Sh
Kali sindh	Ba
Kshipra	Ujj
Khaan	Inc
Mahi	Ku

#### First in State

- First Governor Dr. B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya
- First Woman Governor Ms. Sarla Grewal
- First Chief Minister Pt. Ravi Shankar Shukla
- First Woman Chief Minister Ms. Uma Bharti
- First Chief Water Communication Communicatio
- First Chief Justice of High Court Mohammad Hidayatullah
- First Lady Judge Smt. Sarojini Saxena
- First Chief Secretary Shri H.S. Kamath
- First Election Commissioner N.B. Lohani
- First Lokayukta P.V. Dixit
- First State Information Commissioner T.N. Srivastava
- Chairman of the first Finance Commission Dr. Sawai Singh Sisodia
- First Woman Leader of Opposition Jamuna Devi
- The first Nobel Peace Prize recipient Kailash Satyarthi
- State's first nuclear power station Chutka village (Mandla)
- State's first I.T. Park Bhopal
- State's first international airport terminal Bhopal
- State's first agricultural university Jabalpur
- State's first university Dr. Harisingh Gour University, Sagar (1946)
- The first ISO certified SP Office Dewas
- State's first national park Kanha Kisli
- State's first dry port Pithampur
- State's first open jail Navjeevan Ashram (Hoshangabad)
- State's first Information Technology (IT) University Gwalior
- State's first DNA laboratory Sagar
- Herbal bank of the state Panar water (Pachmarhi)

#### First in India

- The largest mosque in the country Taj-ul-Masjid (Bhopal)
- First establishment of optical fiber in the country Mandideep (Bhopal)
- India's first state to produce diamond in the country Madhya Pradesh
- Country's first microchip factory Bhopal
- State to set up India's first Malkhamb Academy Ujjain
- State to set up country's first cow sanctuary Agar Malwa

- Country's largest soybean producing state Madhya Pradesh
- State to establish country's only human museum Bhopal
- First state on the basis of Scheduled Tribe population in the country **Madhya Pradesh**
- The first state in the country to do complete nationalization of forests Madhya Pradesh
- Asia's first physical education university Gwalior (Lakshmibai National Institute/University of Physical Education)
- Sanctuary for Babbar lion Palpur-Kuno Wildlife Sanctuary
- The first marble building in India Hoshang Shah's Tomb, Dhar

### **Transport and Communication**

- Longest National Highway NH-46
- Shortest National Highway **NH-135BB**
- State's largest railway junction Itarsi

		Ro
Total distri	ct roads	
Total Rural	l roads	

	A
	Histo
Name/Place	Construction Period
Gwalior Fort (Gwalior)	8 <sup>th</sup> century
Chanderi Fort (Ashoknagar)	11 <sup>th</sup> century
Ginnorgarh Fort (Raisen)	13 <sup>th</sup> century
Asirgarh Fort (Burhanpur)	14 <sup>th</sup> century
Dhar Fort (Dhar)	1344 A.D century
Bandhavgarh Fort (Umariya)	14 <sup>th</sup> century
Mandsaur Fort (Mandsaur)	14 <sup>th</sup> century
Narwar Fort (Shivpuri)	14 <sup>th</sup> century
Raisen Fort (Raisen)	16 <sup>th</sup> century
Mandala Fort (Mandala)	16 <sup>th</sup> century
Garh Kundar Fort (Teekamgarh)	16 <sup>th</sup> century
Orchha Fort (Niwari)	17 <sup>th</sup> century
Ajaygarh Fort (Panna)	18 <sup>th</sup> century

	Majo
	Мајо
Palace Name	
Dayi Palace	
Asharfi Palace	
Rani Roopmati Palace	
Ship palace	
Hindola (carousel) palace	
Kharbuja (cantaloupe) palace	
Chappan Mahal	
Andhra (blind) palace	
Gujari palace	
Jai Vilas palace	
Karna palace	_
Vikram palace	

Chanderi palace
Rajmahal
Badal palace
Raja Rohit palace
Itradar palace
Kaliyadeh palace
Madan palace
Satkhanda palace
Raja Aman palace
Jahangir palace
Moti palace
Shaukat palace
Tarabai palace
Sheesh palace
Dhubela palace

Festivals	
Kalidasa Ceremony	
Khajuraho Dance Festival	
Tansen Ceremony	
Malwa Festival	
Orchha Festival	
Tulsi Ceremony	
Muktibodh Ceremony	

Muktibodii Ceremony		
		Major Irrig
Project Name	River	Beneficiary Districts
Chambal Project	Chambal	Neemuch, Mandsaur, Bhind, Morena, Gwalior, She
Rani Avantibai Sagar (Bargi Project)	Narmada	Jabalpur, Seoni Mandla
Tawa Project	Narmada	Hoshangabad
Indira Sagar Project	Narmada	Khandwa
Omkareshwar Project	Narmada	Khandwa, Khargone, Dhar
Maheshwar Project	Narmada	Khargone
Man Project	Man	Dhar
Jobat Project	Hathni	Jhabua
Sardar Sarovar Project	Narmada	_
Pench Project	Pench	Chhindwara, Balaghat
Thavar Project	Wainganga	Mandala
Urmil Project	Urmil River	Chhatarpur
Matatila Dam/Rajghat	Betwa	Madhya Pradesh and parts of Uttar Pradesh
Bansagar Project	Son	Rewa, Sidhi, Satna, Shahdol
Ken-Betwa Project	Ken-Betwa	Chhatarpur, Panna, Tikamgarh and other major di Bundelkhand (Total 9 districts).
Choral Project	Choral	Indore
Halali Project	Halali River	Vidisha, Raisen

## Forest/Wildlife/National Park

	Recorded forest area of Mad
Recorded Forest Area	
Reserved area	
Protected area	
Unclassified area	
Total	

	District wise For
On the basis of percentage of geographical area	Highest
	Lowest
Area-wise (in sq. km)	Highest
	Lowest

	Protected
Animals/Birds	Area
Alligator/Crocodile	Chambal National Sand
	Son River Sanctuary
	Ken River Sanctuary
Asian paradise flycatcher (State Bird)	Sailana Sanctuary
Lesser florican Bird	Sailana Sanctuary
	Sardarpur Sanctuary
Great Indian Bustard	Ghatigaon Sanctuary
	Karera Sanctuary
Asiatic Lion	Kuno Palpur Sanctuary

	National Parks a
National Park / Sanctuary	District
Kanha kisli	Mandala-Balaghat
Pench	Seoni-chhindwara
Bandhavgarh	Umariya
Panna	Panna-Chhatarpur
Satpura	Narmadapuram
Sanjay Dubari	Sidhi
Ratapani	Raisen-Sehore

	Biosphere
Pachmarhi Biosphere Reserve	
Achanakmar - Amarkantak Biosphere Reserve	
Panna Biosphere Reserve	

	Natio
Name	Districts
Kanha-Kisli	Mandala-Balaghat
Madhav	Shivpuri
Bandhavgarh	Umariya

Panna	Panna and Chhatarpur
Sanjay	Sidhi
Satpura	Hoshangabad
Pench	Seoni-chhindwara
Ghughua/ Ghughua fossil (fossil)	Dindori
Van Vihar	Bhopal
Dinosaur fossil	Dhar
Kuno	Sheopur

	Major C
	Major S
Name	District
Narsinghgarh	Rajgarh
Gandhisagar	Mandsaur/Neemuch
Bori	Narmadapuram
Pachmarhi	Narmadapuram
Dubari (Sanjay)	Sidhi
Ratapani	Raisen/Sehore
Singhori	Raisen
Nauradehi (Largest)	Sagar
Pench (Mogali)	Seoni
Chambal	Muraina
Ken (Ghadiyal)	Chhatarpur/Panna
Son (Ghadiyal)	Sidhi
Karaira	Shivpuri
Ghatigaon	Gwalior
Bagdara	Sidhi
Pen	Mandala
Panpatha	Umaria / Shahdol
Sardarpur	Dhar
Sailana	Ratlam
Gangau	Panna/Chhatarpur
Ralamandal (Smallest)	Indore
Veerangana Durgavati	Damoh
Orchha	Niwari/Tikamgarh
Khivni	Dewas/Sehore

## Industry/Minerals/Energy

- Detroit of Madhya Pradesh Pithampur (Dhar)
- India's first optical fiber factory Mandideep (Raisen)
- Asia's largest soybean plant Ujjain
- India's first National Soybean Research Center Indore
- India's first Gemstone Refining Center Jabalpur
- State's first special economic zone Bhopal
- Industrially developed districts of the state Bhopal, Indore, Jabalpur, Gwalior
- State Mega Food Parks Khargone and Dewas
- Largest center of automobile industry in the state Pithampur (Dhar)
- The only watch factory in the state Betul
- The only umbrella industry in the state **Mhow (Indore)**
- Auto Cluster in the State Pithampur (Dhar)
- State's largest coal deposit area Sohagpur

- State's first nuclear power station Chutka village (Mandla)
- World's largest floating solar plant Omkareshwar
- Bio Energy Park **Rewa**
- Copper mines in the state Malanjkhand
- National Power Training Institute Shivpuri
- State Mining Corporation Headquarters Bhopal
- Energy Development Corporation Headquarters **Bhopal**
- Uranium reserves in the state Shahdol
- Energy Capital of Madhya Pradesh- Singrauli

