

## SAIL-Bhilai to Set Up Chhattisgarh's First Floating Solar Plant

## Why in News?

**Bhilai Steel Plant (BSP),** the Chhattisgarh-based arm of the state-run Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL), will install the state's first 15-megawatt (MW) floating **solar project** in its Maroda-1 reservoir to improve its **carbon footprint**.

The steel major is undertaking various projects to reduce carbon emissions, conserve energy, and promote renewable energy.

## **Key Points**

- The project is being implemented through NTPC-SAIL Power Supply Company Limited (NSPCL), a 50:50 joint venture company of National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC) and SAIL. The solar plant will be set up in Durg district.
- The Maroda reservoir is spread across 2.1 square kilometers with a water storage capacity of 19 cubic milimetres (MM3).
  - The water stored in the Maroda-I reservoir not only feeds the plant but also the township.
- Total <u>green power generation</u> estimated from this plant is likely to be about 34.26 million units annually.
  - The project is expected to reduce the <u>CO<sub>2</sub> emission</u> of BSP by 28,330 tonnes annually.

## **Carbon Footprint**

- According to the World Health Organization (WHO), a carbon footprint is a measure of the impact people's activities have on the amount of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) produced through the burning of fossil fuels and is expressed as a weight of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions produced in tonnes.
- It is **usually measured as tons of CO<sub>2</sub> emitted per year**, a number that can be supplemented by tons of CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent gases, including methane, nitrous oxide, and other greenhouse gases.
- It can be a broad measure or be applied to the actions of an individual, a family, an event, an organization, or even an entire nation.

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/sail-bhilai-to-set-up-chhattisgarh-first-floating-solar-plant