

# **World's Largest Deep Sea Coral Reef**

**Source: DH** 

## Why in News?

Scientists have mapped the largest known **deep-sea coral reef**, located off the **Atlantic coast** of the **United States**.

The reef's existence has been acknowledged by scientists since the 1960s, but only recently has the advent of underwater mapping technology enabled the creation of clear 3D images depicting its dimensions.

# What are the Features of the Newly Found Reef?

- About:
  - The reef spans approximately 500 km in length, stretching from Florida to South Carolina. At certain points, its width reaches up to 110 km.
    - The reef's area is almost three times larger than Yellowstone National Park.
    - Discovered at depths ranging from 200 to 1,000 meters, the reef exists in areas beyond the reach of sunlight.
      - Unlike the recently found coral reef which is the largest in deep water, the Great Barrier Reef is the largest coral reef system in Shallow water
  - A scientist mentioned the potential discovery of larger deep-sea reefs in the future, pointing out that only approximately 25% of the world's ocean floor has been thoroughly mapped in high resolution.

## What is the Difference Between Deep and Shallow Water Coral Reef?

Specifications	<b>Shallow Water Coral</b>	Deep Water Coral
Appearance	Brown & Green	White
Diversity	High	Low
Food	Rely on Photosynthetic algae	Feed on small plankton or available
		organic material
Habitats	Provides to sponges, crabs,	Provides to Sharks, Swordfish, Octopus
	etc	etc
Type of	Rock Like	Groves in the form of feathers, trees,
Structure		etc
<b>Growth Process</b>	Require sunlight	Don't require Sunlight
Distribution	Less coverage of ocean floor	Larger Coverage of ocean floor
Challenges	Climate Change, Disturbance	Climate Change, Disturbance from Oil
	from Oil and Gas Drilling	and Gas Drilling

# **Coral Reefs**



(Rainforests of the seas)



#### **About**

- Large underwater structures made of skeletons of colonial marine invertebrates 'coral' – individually called polyp
- Symbiotic Relationship with algae 'zooxanthellae' (responsible for beautiful colours of corals)
- ¥ Support over 25% of marine biodiversity

#### **Hard Corals vs Soft Corals**

- Hard Corals Rigid skeleton made of CaCO<sub>3</sub> - reef-building corals
- ¥ Soft Corals Non reef-building

# **Great Barrier Reef (Australia)**

- ¥ Largest Coral Reef in the World
- ¥ World Heritage Site (1981)
- ▼ Endures Mass Coral Bleaching



## **Corals in India**

Present in the areas of Gulf of Kutch, Gulf of Mannar, Andaman & Nicobar, Lakshadweep Islands and Malvan



# **Significance**

- Coral reefs protect coastlines from storms/erosion, provide jobs, offer opportunities for recreation
- Source of food/medicines



#### **Threats**

- Natural: Temperature, Sediment Deposition, Salinity, pH, etc.
- Anthropogenic: Mining, Bottom Fishing, Tourism, pollution, etc.



# **Coral Bleaching**

- Corals under stress expel algae thus turning white (bleached)
- Bleached corals not dead but, more risk of starvation/disease



# **Initiatives to Protect Corals**

# **Technology**

- ▼ Cyromesh: Storage of the coral larvae at (-196°C) Can be later reintroduced to the wild
- Biorock: Creating artificial reefs on which coral can grow rapidly



#### Global

- ▼ The Global Coral Reef R&D Accelerator Platform

## Indian

National Coastal Mission Programme



# **UPSC Civil Services Examination, Previous Year Questions (PYQ)**

### Prelims

## Consider the following statements: (2018)

- 1. Most of the world's coral reefs are in tropical waters.
- 2. More than one-third of the world's coral reefs are located in the territories of Australia, Indonesia and Philippines.
- 3. Coral reefs host far more number of animal phyla than those hosted by tropical rainforests.

# Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- **(b)** 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (d)

### Mains:

Q. Assess the impact of global warming on the coral life system with examples. (2019)

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