

Muons Penetrate Ancient Xi'an Fortress Wall

Why in News?

As per a new study, researchers are **examining the fortress wall of Xi'an, an ancient city in China,** by using tiny outer space particles Muons that can penetrate hundreds of metres of stone surfaces.

 Scientists have used a muon detector, called CORMIS (Cosmic Ray Muon Imaging System), to examine the wall of Xi'an city.

What are Muons?

About:

- Muons are subatomic particles raining from space. They are created when the particles in Earth's atmosphere collide with cosmic rays.
 - <u>Cosmic rays</u> are the **clusters of high-energy particles** that move through space at almost the **speed of light**.
- According to Scientific American magazine, "about 10,000 muons reach every square metre of the Earth's surface a minute".

Properties:

- These particles resemble electrons but are 207 times as massive. Therefore, they are sometimes called "fat electrons".
- Because muons are so heavy, they can travel through hundreds of metres of rock or other matter before getting absorbed or decayed.
 - In comparison, electrons can penetrate through only a few centimetres.
- Also, muons are highly unstable and exist for just 2.2 microseconds.

What is Muography?

About:

 The method of scanning large structures owing to the penetration power of muons is called Muography.

Applications of Muography:

• Archaeology:

- With unique advantages, muography has gained increasing attention from archaeologists as a novel and innovative tool to investigate large-scale archaeological sites.
 - Example: The first use of muography was in the late 1960s when a Nobel
 Prize-winning physicist named Luis Alvarez teamed up with
 Egyptologists to look for hidden rooms in the Pyramid of Khafre in
 Giza.

Other Applications:

- Muography has also found use in customs security, internal imaging of volcanoes and others.
 - In 2015, scientists used the technique to look inside the **Fukushima nuclear reactors after the 2011 earthquake** and **tsunami in Japan**.
 - It is also being used by researchers to analyze <u>Mount Vesuvius</u>, a volcano in Italy.

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