



Anakkayam Small Hydro Electric Project

Why in News

Recently, various green collectives and environmental organisations have come together to protest against the **Anakkayam Small Hydro Electric Project** in Kerala.

- The site of the project is not far from the [Athirapally Hydel Electric Project](#).

Key Points

▪ About the Project:

- It will come up in the buffer zone of the [Parambikulam Tiger Reserve](#) (PTR) and will also **create a 5.617-km-long tunnel** within the forest.

▪ Concerns:

◦ Environmental Consequences:

- Around **20 hectares of forest land will have to be cleared** out and **around 1900 large trees** and a larger number of small trees **will be cut**.
- The area is **ecologically fragile**, as seen in the massive **landslide followed by minor landslides at the project site in 2018**, and the consequences will extend to **loss of precious flora and fauna species**.

◦ Absence of Consent:

- It was **granted approval without obtaining permission** from the local **Kadar tribe** which holds the **right of Community Forest Resources (CFR)** as per the [Forest Rights Act, 2006](#).
- The site of the hydel project comes within the 400 sq kms of forest land that were given as CFR to the Kadar tribe which has the responsibility to protect and conserve the habitat.

Athirapally Hydel Electric Project

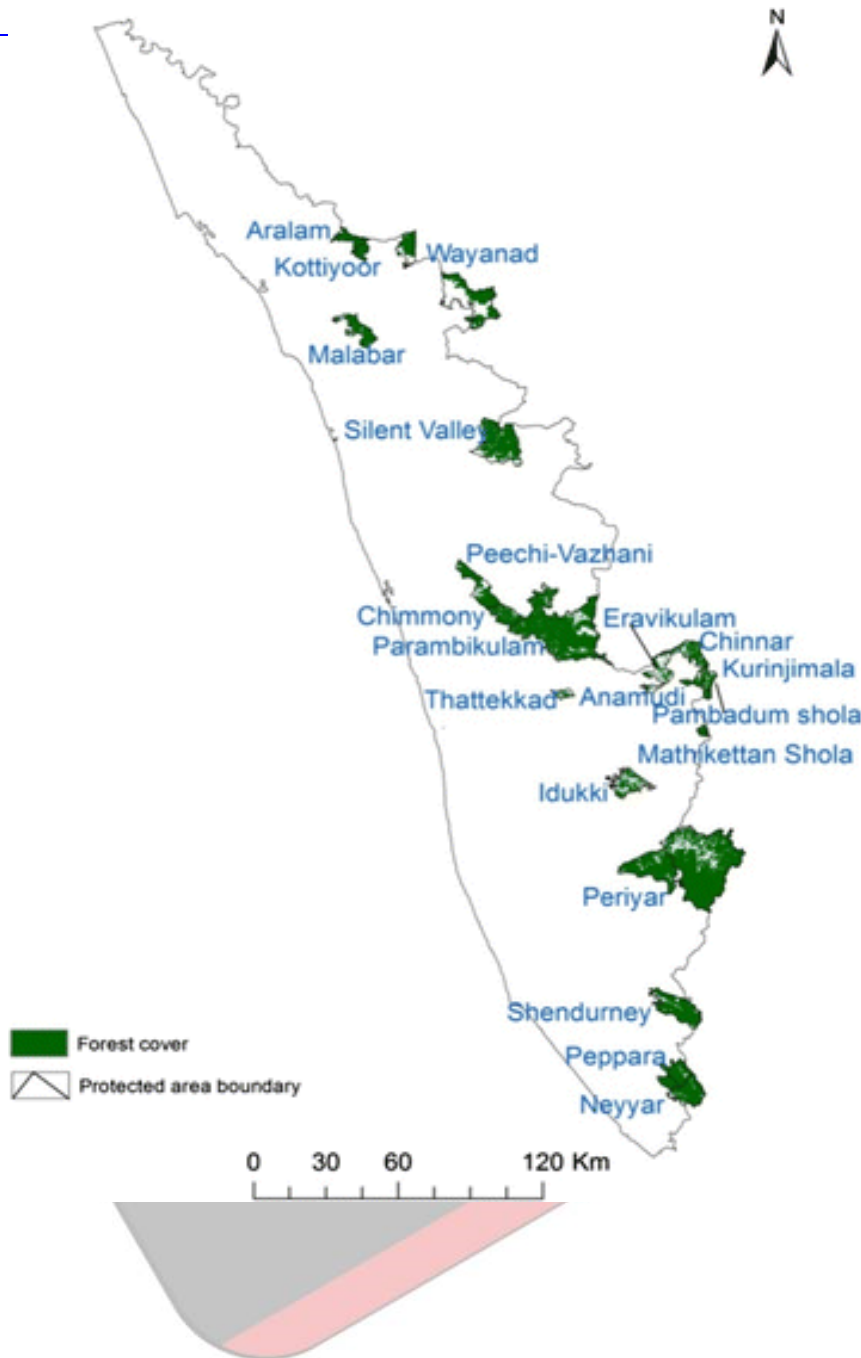
- In **June 2020**, the Kerala government approved the Athirapally Hydro Electric Project (AHEP) on the **Chalakydy river in Thrissur district of Kerala**.
 - Chalakydy River **originates in the Anamalai region of Tamil Nadu** and is joined by its **major tributaries** Parambikulam, Kuriyarkutti, Sholayar, Karapara and Anakkayam in Kerala. It **flows through Palakkad, Thrissur and Ernakulam** districts of Kerala.
- It has also been **facing opposition and protests** due to its **adverse effects on the fragile river ecosystem** at Athirapally and the other **related environmental threats**.

Parambikulam Tiger Reserve

- It is a well protected ecological portion in the **Nelliampathy-Anamalai landscape** of the **Southern Western Ghats** in India.

- It is located in the **Palakkad District of Kerala.**
- It was **declared as Tiger Reserve during 2008-09.**
- The reserve is credited with the **first scientifically managed teak plantation in the world** which was later merged with the forest land.
- It has the **world's largest and oldest teak tree** named "*Kannimara*", which is believed to be **350 years old.**

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[Source: TH](#)