

Naxalites Surrender in Dantewada

Why in News?

Recently, 35 <u>Naxalites</u> surrendered in Chhattisgarh 's Dantewada district. These cadres were tasked with digging roads, felling trees to block roads and putting up posters and banners during shutdowns called by **Naxalites**.

Key Points

- According to the officials, these naxalites were part of Bhairamgarh, Malanger and Katekalyan area committees of the <u>Maoists</u> in south Bastar.
 - They were impressed by the police's rehabilitation drive 'Lon Varratu' (return to your home) and disappointed with the hollow Maoist ideology.
 - Maoism is a form of communism developed by Mao Tse Tung. It is a doctrine to capture State power through a combination of armed insurgency, mass mobilization and strategic alliances.
- These Naxalites will be provided facilities as per the government's surrender and rehabilitation policy.
- With this, 796 Naxalites, including 180 carrying rewards, have so far joined the mainstream in the district under the police's Lon Varratu campaign launched in June 2020.

Lone Varratu

- This campaign means 'Come back home'.
- This campaign was launched for those Naxalites who intended to leave the path of red terror and join the mainstream of society.
- Under this campaign many Naxalites left the path of terrorism.

Naxalism

- The term **Naxalism** derives its name from the village Naxalbari of West Bengal.
- It originated as rebellion against local landlords who bashed a peasant over a land dispute.
- The movement soon spread across Eastern India in less developed areas of states such as Chhattisgarh, Odisha and Andhra Pradesh.
- Left-wing extremists (LWE) are popularly known as Maoists worldwide and as Naxalites in India.
- Objective:
 - They advocate for the overthrow of the Indian government through **armed revolution** and the establishment of a **communist state** based on **Maoist principles**.
 - They view the state as **oppressive**, **exploitative**, and serving the interests of the ruling elite, and seek to address socio-economic grievances through armed struggle and people's war.

