

## **Birth Anniversary of Birsa Munda**

## Why in News

The Prime Minister paid tributes to **tribal leader Birsa Munda** on his birth anniversary on 15th November.

■ The State of Jharkhand, carved out of Bihar, officially came into being on Munda's birth anniversary in 2000.





## **Key Points** //

- Birth: 15<sup>th</sup> November 1875, belonged to the Munda tribe in the Chotanagpur Plateau area.
- Brief Profile:
  - Also known as **Dharti Aaba** (Father of Earth), Birsa Munda is known to have **mobilised** the **tribal community against the British** and had also forced the colonial officials to
     introduce laws protecting the land rights of the tribals.
- Birsait Sect:
  - Having gained awareness of the British colonial ruler and the efforts of the missionaries to convert tribals to Christianity, **Birsa started the faith of 'Birsait'**.
  - Members of the **Munda and Oraon community** joined the Birsait sect and it turned into a challenge to British conversion activities.
  - Further, he urged the Mundas to give up drinking liquor, clean their village, and stop believing in witchcraft and sorcery.
- Munda Rebellion:
  - It is one of the most important tribal movements.
  - It was led by Birsa Munda in the south of Ranchi in 1899-1900.
  - The movement identified following forces as the cause of the misery the Mundas were suffering:

- The land policies of the British were destroying their traditional land system.
- Hindu landlords and moneylenders were taking over their land.
- Missionaries were criticising their traditional culture.
- The 'Ulgulan' or the 'Great Tumult' as the movement came to be called, aimed at establishing Munda Raj by driving out the British.
  - Munda used **traditional symbols and language** to rouse people, urging them to destroy "Ravana" (dikus/outsiders and the Europeans) and establish a kingdom under his leadership.
- Birsa's followers began targeting the symbols of diku and European power. They
  attacked police stations and churches, and raided the property of moneylenders and
  zamindars. They raised the white flag as a symbol of Birsa Raj.
- On 3<sup>rd</sup> March, 1900, Birsa Munda was arrested by the British police while he was sleeping with his tribal guerilla army at Jamkopai forest in Chakradharpur (Jharkhand).
  - Birsa died of cholera in the jail and the movement faded out.
- Significance of Munda Rebellion:
  - It forced the colonial government to introduce laws so that the land of the tribals could not be easily taken over by dikus (**Chotanagpur Tenancy Act, 1908**).
  - It showed that the **tribal people had the capacity to protest against injustice** and express their anger against colonial rule.

## **Jharkhand Foundation Day**

- The name "Jharkhand" means "The Land of Forests". The state was brought into existence by the **Bihar reorganization Act** on 15<sup>th</sup> November, 2000 the birth anniversary of the legendary Bhagwan Birsa Munda.
- Jharkhand shares its border with the states of Bihar to the north, Uttar Pradesh and Chhattisgarh to the west, Odisha to the south, and West Bengal to the east.
- Most of the state lies on the Chotanagpur Plateau, which is the source of the Koel, Damodar, Brahmani, Kharkai, and Subarnarekha rivers, whose upper watersheds lie within Jharkhand.
- Forest preserves support populations of tigers and Asian Elephants (Betla National Park).
- Iharkhand boasts of 40% and 29% of India's mineral and coal reserves, respectively.
- Jharkhand has 32 tribal groups including Munda, Kol, Santhal, Oraon, Khond, Asur, Gond etc.

**Source: TH** 

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