Palaeo Proxies

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Why in News?

Recently, it was proclaimed that a particular day in July 2023 as the Warmest in over **100,000 Years** is scientifically unfounded.

 This claim is based on temperature estimates from before the invention of thermometers, which rely on "Palaeo Proxies" that cannot provide daily timescale temperatures.

What are Palaeo Proxies?

- About:
 - Palaeo proxies, short for paleoclimate proxies or paleoenvironmental proxies, are indicators or records used by scientists to reconstruct past climate and environmental conditions.
 - These proxies are typically derived from physical, biological, or chemical processes that respond to changes in temperature or other climatic factors.
 - Since direct measurements of climate from the distant past are not possible, scientists rely
 - on these proxy records to understand past climate variations and long-term trends.
- Examples:
 - Ice Cores: Ice cores drilled from glaciers and polar ice sheets contain trapped air bubbles and isotopic compositions that provide information about past atmospheric conditions, including temperature and <u>Greenhouse Gas</u> concentrations.
 - Tree Rings: The width, density, and isotopic composition of tree rings can reveal past climate variations and growth conditions of trees, serving as a valuable proxy for temperature and precipitation changes.
 - Coral Records: The growth patterns and <u>Isotopic</u> Compositions of corals offer information about past sea surface temperatures and ocean conditions.
 - **Pollen Records:** The presence and abundance of specific pollen types preserved in **sediment cores can indicate past vegetation** and climate changes.
- Limitations:
 - A major assumption required to make the "paleo proxy" technique workable is that the processes that produced the proxies have operated similarly back then as they do today.
 - However, proxies buried in ocean and lake sediments can only record temperature anomalies on timescales of centuries or thousands of years, making daily temperature estimations impossible.
 - Temperature proxies provide only local or regional estimates of historical temperature anomalies with significant uncertainties.
 - Global estimates based on averaging all local proxies have even higher uncertainties, making claims about **daily temperatures at a global scale unreliable.**

What are the other Methods to Estimate Temperature over longer Timescales?

• Some isotopes with known radioactive decay rates can provide estimates of temperature changes

over longer timescales like Holocene Epoch.

 The <u>Holocene Epoch</u> is a geological times scale that began approximately 11,650 years ago and continues to the present day. It is the current and most recent epoch within the <u>Quaternary Period</u>.

The Vision

- Carbon or lead isotopes with half-lives ranging from 5,000 to over 10 million years can be used to
 estimate past temperatures.
- Nonetheless, these methods are also limited to longer timescales and cannot provide daily temperature data.

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