

# Report on Road Accidents: World Bank

#### Why in News

Recently, the Union Minister for Road Transport and Highways released the **World Bank** Report titled **"Traffic Crash Injuries And Disabilities: The Burden on India Society".** 

- The Report has been prepared in collaboration with the NGO-Save Life Foundation.
- The survey data was collected from four Indian states i.e. **Uttar Pradesh**, **Bihar**, **Tamil Nadu** and **Maharashtra**.

# **Key Points**

- Global Fatalities due to Road Accidents:
  - Road Traffic Injuries (RTIs) Eighth leading cause of death.
  - Road Crash Fatality Rate Three times higher in low-income countries compared to high-income countries.
- Road Accidents and Related Deaths in India:
  - Accounts for 11% of the global death in road accidents, the highest in the world.
  - Accounts for about 4.5 lakh road crashes per annum, in which 1.5 lakh people die.
- Economic Impacts of Road Accidents:
  - Estimated Economic Loss 3.14% of <u>Gross Domestic Product (GDP)</u>, indicating underreporting phenomenon in the country.
  - Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) Estimates -
    - Socio-economic cost of Road Crashes is equivalent to 0.77% of the GDP.
    - 76.2% of people who are killed in road crashes are in their prime working-age,
      18-45 years.
- Social Impact:
  - Burden on Households:
    - At the individual level, road crash injuries and deaths impose a severe financial burden and push entire (non-poor) households into poverty and the already poor into debt.
    - Every road accident death causes **depletion of nearly seven months' household income in poor families,** and pushes the kin of victims in a cycle of poverty and debt.
  - Vulnerable Road Users (VRUs):
    - VRUs bear a disproportionately large burden of road crashes and account for more than half of all road crash deaths and serious injuries in the country.
    - It is often the **poor**, **especially male road-users** of working age, that constitute the category of **VRUs**.

- Daily wage workers and workers employed as casual labourers in informal activities are more prone to be defined as vulnerable compared to workers engaged in regular activities.
- In India, where **VRUs** are forced to share space with other less vulnerable road users, **the income level of an individual has a direct bearing on the mode of transport used.**
- Gender Specific Impact:
  - Women in the families of victims bore the burden across poor and rich households, often taking up extra work, assuming greater responsibilities, and performing caregiving activities.
    - About 50% of women were severely affected by the decline in their household income after a crash.
    - About 40% of women reported a change in their working patterns post-accident, while around 11% reported taking up extra work to deal with the financial crisis.
- Rural-Urban Divide:
  - The **income decline** for low-income **rural households (56%) was the most severe** compared to low-income urban (29.5%) and high-income rural households (39.5%).
- Steps Taken at Global Level:
  - Brasilia Declaration on Road Safety (2015):
    - The <u>declaration</u> was signed at the second Global High-Level Conference on Road Safety held in Brazil. **India is a signatory** to the Declaration.
    - The countries plan to achieve the **Sustainable Development Goal 3.6** i.e. to half the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents by 2030.
  - Decade for Road Safety:
    - The United Nations (UN) declared **2011-2020** as the decade of action for Road Safety.
  - UN Global Road Safety Week:
    - It is **celebrated every two years**, the fifth edition (held from 6-12 May 2019) highlighted the need for strong leadership for road safety.
  - The International Road Assessment Programme (iRAP):
    - It is a registered charity dedicated to saving lives through safer roads.
- Steps Taken by Indian Government
  - Motor Vehicles Amendment Act, 2019:
    - The <u>Act</u> hikes the penalties for traffic violations, defective vehicles, juvenile driving, etc.
    - It provides for a Motor Vehicle Accident Fund, which would provide compulsory insurance cover to all road users in India for certain types of accidents.
    - It also provides for a **National Road Safety Board,** to be created by the Central Government through a notification.
    - It also provides for the protection of good samaritans.

#### **Way Forward**

- Policy-oriented approaches are needed for saving lives and improving the ability of victims and their families to get back on their feet, including providing immediate financial, medical and legal aid.
- Areas that require immediate improvements include post-crash emergency care and

## protocols, insurance and compensation systems.

■ There is a need for development agencies, policymakers and respective state governments to prioritize a complete policy overhaul of the existing system and implement sustainable solution-oriented, inclusive measures to improve their performance on road safety.

### **Source:PIB**

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