

Unraveling the AI Conundrum

This editorial is based on "When AI weds molecular biology, miracle treatments are born" which was published in Livemint on 06/06/2024. The article brings into picture the transformative potential of combining artificial intelligence with molecular biology in the field of medical research and treatment.

For Prelims: <u>Artificial Intelligence</u>, Applications of AI in Various Domains, DeepMind's AlphaFold, <u>Generative AI, European Parliament's Artificial Intelligence Act</u>

For Mains: Major Challenges with the Rise of Artificial Intelligence, Measures to Overcome the Challenges Posed by AI

<u>Artificial intelligence (AI)</u> has woven itself into the fabric of our lives, from virtual assistants to personalized recommendations. Its potential to revolutionize fields like <u>medicine</u>, **transportation**, and <u>manufacturing</u> seems limitless. However, this very power ushers in a wave of complexities.

However, the increasing influence of Al raises profound questions about the **future of humanity.** Will Al become a powerful tool for progress, or will it lead to unforeseen consequences? Can we ensure that Al development aligns with our values and safeguards human autonomy? By fostering a nuanced understanding of Al's impact and fostering open dialogue, we can navigate its development for a future that benefits all.

What are the Applications of Artificial Intelligence in Various Sectors?

Healthcare:

- Medical Diagnosis: Al improves diagnostic accuracy by analyzing medical images and data, e.g., detecting cancerous lesions in mammograms more precisely than human radiologists.
- **Drug Discovery**: Al speeds up drug discovery by identifying potential drug candidates and predicting their efficacy, e.g., **DeepMind's AlphaFold** aids in protein structure prediction.
- **Personalized Medicine:** Al creates tailored treatment plans by analyzing genetic profiles and medical histories, e.g., optimizing <u>chemotherapy</u> **dosages** for cancer patients.

Education:

- Intelligent Tutoring Systems (ITS): Al-powered tutoring systems can provide personalized learning experiences by adapting to each student's pace, learning style, and individual needs.
- Learning Analytics: All can analyze student data, such as attendance, engagement, and performance, to identify patterns and predict potential academic challenges or dropout risks.

Finance and Banking

• **Fraud Detection:** Al detects fraudulent activities by analyzing transaction data, e.g., recognizing **unusual credit card spending** patterns in real-time.

- **Risk Management:** Al evaluates risks in investments, loans, and portfolios, e.g., analyzing market data to **identify investment opportunities.**
- Algorithmic Trading: All executes trades based on data analysis and predefined algorithms, e.g., high-frequency trading in hedge-funds.

Retail and E-commerce

- **Retail and E-commerce:** All can analyze customer data and preferences to provide **personalized product recommendations,** enhancing the shopping experience.
- Inventory Management: Al systems can optimize inventory levels by analyzing sales data, customer demand patterns, and other factors, reducing overstocking and stockouts.
- Chatbots and Virtual Assistants: Al-powered chatbots and virtual assistants can provide customer support, answer queries, and assist with online shopping experiences.

Manufacturing and Logistics:

- Predictive Maintenance: Al algorithms can analyze sensor data from machines and equipment to predict potential failures and schedule maintenance proactively, reducing downtime and increasing efficiency.
- Supply Chain Optimization: All can optimize supply chain operations by analyzing data from various sources, such as transportation routes, weather conditions, and demand patterns, to minimize costs and improve delivery times.
- Automated Quality Control: Al-powered vision systems can inspect products for defects, ensuring quality control and reducing human error.

Cybersecurity:

- Threat Detection and Response: All systems can analyze vast amounts of network data, identify <u>potential cyber threats</u>, and respond to them in real-time, providing enhanced security against cyber attacks.
- Malware Analysis: All algorithms can analyze and classify malware samples, helping security researchers understand new threats and develop effective countermeasures.
- User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA): All can establish baselines for normal behavior patterns and detect anomalies that may indicate potential security breaches or insider threats.

Agriculture and Food Production:

- Crop Monitoring and Yield Prediction: Al-powered drones and satellite imagery can monitor crop health, detect pests and diseases, and predict <u>crop yields</u>, enabling farmers to make informed decisions and optimize resources.
- <u>Precision Agriculture</u>: Al systems can analyze soil conditions, weather patterns, and other environmental factors to provide recommendations for precise application of water, fertilizers, and pesticides, improving efficiency and reducing waste.
- Food Safety: Al-powered vision systems can inspect food products for contaminants, ensuring food safety and quality control.

Sports:

- Player Performance Analysis: Al can analyze vast amounts of data from wearable devices, video footage, and sensors to evaluate player performance, identify areas for improvement, and prevent injuries.
- In-Game Strategy and Tactics: All algorithms can analyze real-time game data, player
 positioning, and historical strategies to recommend optimal tactics and in-game
 adjustments.

What are the Major Challenges with the Rise of Artificial Intelligence?

- Black Box Conundrum: Many Al algorithms, particularly deep learning models, function as opaque "black boxes."
 - While they can deliver impressive results, their decision-making processes remain shrouded in mystery.
 - This lack of transparency **hinders explainability and accountability,** especially in critical domains like **healthcare and** <u>criminal justice</u>.
- The Data Dilemma: All thrives on data, but the quality and quantity of data available significantly impact its performance and fairness.
 - Biases within training datasets can be amplified by AI algorithms, leading to discriminatory outcomes.

- For example, an Al-powered recruitment tool trained on biased hiring data might favor resumes with certain keywords or educational backgrounds, unfairly disadvantaging qualified candidates.
- Job Displacement Tightrope: All automation is poised to disrupt the workforce, potentially leading to widespread job displacement.
 - While new jobs will undoubtedly be created, the pace of this transition and the availability
 of retraining programs for displaced workers remain major concerns.
 - A study by the McKinsey Global Institute estimates that up to 800 million jobs globally could be automated by 2030.
- Al Arms Race and Existential Risk: The rapid development of Al raises the unsettling possibility of an "Al arms race" between nations.
 - This could lead to the **creation of autonomous weapons systems** that operate outside human control, posing a significant existential threat.
 - Resource-rich nations and tech giants are at the forefront of AI research, potentially creating a significant AI divide between developed and developing countries
 - Furthermore, some experts like **Elon Musk** warn of the **potential for superintelligence** (Al surpassing human intelligence in all aspects).
- Value Alignment Problem: As AI systems become more autonomous and capable of making complex decisions, there is a risk that their values and objectives may diverge from those of their human creators, leading to unintended and potentially harmful outcomes.
 - This challenge was highlighted by Al researcher Stuart Russell's "king midas problem".
- <u>Deepfakes and Misinformation</u>: Al-powered deepfake technology can create highly realistic synthetic media, such as videos, images, and audio, posing a significant threat to the integrity of information and trust in digital content.
 - Example: In 2022, deep fake videos of the Ukrainian President surfaced online, purportedly showing him calling for surrender, highlighting the potential for Algenerated misinformation during times of conflict or crisis.

What Measures can be Adopted to Overcome the Challenges Posed by AI?

- Standardization and Certification for Al Systems: Developing standardized testing procedures and certification processes for Al systems, similar to those existing for other technologies.
 - This can ensure a baseline level of **safety, security, and fairness** across Al applications.
- Algorithmic Impact Assessments: Mandating Algorithmic Impact Assessments (AIAs) for all high-risk AI applications. These assessments would identify potential societal impacts, ethical considerations, and potential biases within the system.
- Focus on Explainable AI (XAI) Tools: Investing in the development of user-friendly Explainable AI (XAI) tools. These tools would allow developers and even non-experts to understand the reasoning behind AI models, fostering greater trust and transparency.
- Al for Al Safety: Instead of solely relying on human oversight, consider leveraging Al itself to ensure the safety and security of other Al systems.
 - This could involve developing specialized AI "watchdogs" that monitor other AI systems for potential biases, security vulnerabilities, or unintended consequences.
- Upskilling and Reskilling the Workforce: Al-driven automation necessitates proactive workforce development strategies.
 - Governments, educational institutions, industries should collaborate to provide reskilling and upskilling programs to equip workers with the skills needed to thrive in the AI era.
 - Encouraging lifelong learning will be critical for navigating the changing job landscape.
- Establishing Robust Al Governance Frameworks: To mitigate existential risks and ensure ethical development, robust Al governance frameworks are needed.
 - International collaborations can establish guidelines and regulations for responsible Al development, deployment, and use.
 - The **European Parliament's Artificial Intelligence Act** can be a model.
- Fostering Human-Al Collaboration: The future lies not in Al replacing humans, but in humans and Al collaborating effectively.
 - Focus should be placed on developing Al systems that complement human strengths and weaknesses.

Drishti Mains Ouestion:

Artificial Intelligence is increasingly transforming various sectors of the economy. Analyze the ethical and regulatory considerations that must be addressed to ensure responsible AI deployment.

UPSC Civil Services Examination, Previous Year Questions (PYQs)

Q. With the present state of development, Artificial Intelligence can effectively do which of the following? (2020)

- 1. Bring down electricity consumption in industrial units
- 2. Create meaningful short stories and songs
- 3. Disease diagnosis
- 4. Text-to-Speech Conversion
- 5. Wireless transmission of electrical energy

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2, 4 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

Ans: (b)

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