

# **Carbon Nanoflorets**

For Prelims: Carbon nanoflorets, Carbon footprint.

**For Mains:** Science and Technology- Developments and their Applications and Effects in Everyday Life, Achievements of Indians in Science & Technology.

### **Source: TH**

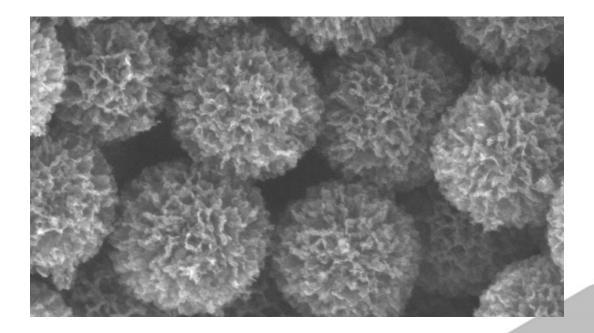
## Why in News?

Recently, researchers at IIT Bombay have created **carbon nanoflorets** capable of converting **sunlight into heat** with unmatched efficiency.

 This innovative development holds the potential to revolutionize sustainable heating solutions while minimizing the <u>carbon footprint</u>.

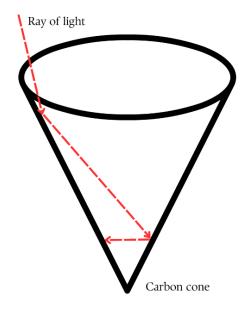
## What are Carbon Nanoflorets?

- About:
  - The carbon nanoflorets, developed by researchers from IIT Bombay, demonstrate an impressive **light absorption efficiency of 87%.**
  - They can absorb multiple frequencies of sunlight, including infrared, visible light, and ultraviolet, in stark contrast to **traditional solar-thermal materials** that typically absorb only visible and ultraviolet light.
- Designing Process of Carbon nanoflorets:
  - A special form of silicon dust called DFNS (dendritic fibrous nanosilica) is heated in a furnace.
  - Introduction of Acetylene gas in the chamber facilitates carbon deposition, turning it black.
  - Then the black powder is collected and treated with a strong chemical that dissolves the DFNS away, leaving carbon particles behind, resulting in spherical carbon beads with cone-shaped pits, forming the carbon nanoflorets, resembling marigold flowers when observed under a microscope.



### The Role of Unique Structure:

- The structure of the nanoflorets, composed of carbon cones, minimizes light reflection and ensures maximum internal absorption.
- This distinctive design captures and retains sunlight, converting it into thermal energy.
  of light



A simple schematic diagram showing the path of sunlight insight a carbon nanofloret.

#### Minimal Heat Dissipation:

- The long-range disorder in the nanoflorets' structure ensures that heat generated within the material is **not carried over long distances.** 
  - This characteristic reduces the dissipation of heat into the environment, allowing the nanoflorets to retain and utilize the generated thermal energy effectively.

# What are the Applications and Commercial Potential of Carbon Nanoflorets?

## Heating Water Efficiently:

- A one-square-meter coating of carbon nanoflorets can vaporize approximately five litres of water within an hour, surpassing the performance of **commercial solar stills.**
  - Carbon nanoflorets are ideal for water heating applications, offering a sustainable

### and cost-effective solution that reduces reliance on fossil fuels.

• Nanoflorets can be applied to diverse surfaces, such as paper, metal, and terracotta clay, making them versatile for various applications.

## • Eco-Friendly Heating:

• By utilizing nanofloret coatings, users can harness solar energy for heating their homes in an environmentally friendly manner, thereby reducing their carbon footprint.

# Stability and Longevity:

- Coated nanoflorets exhibit exceptional stability with a minimum lifetime of eight years.
  - Researchers are continuing to assess their durability under various environmental conditions.

