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## Child Marriages in Rajasthan | Rajasthan | 04 May 2024

### Why in News?

The **Rajasthan High Court** directed the state government to ensure that **no child marriages are solemnised in the state** and that village heads and panchayat members would be held accountable if such marriages happened.

### Key Points

- The court's order came ahead of the [Akshay Tritiya festival on 10<sup>th</sup> May 2024](#), as several child marriages were solemnised on Akshay Tritiya in Rajasthan.
- The court, while hearing a [Public Interest Litigation \(PIL\)](#) by **Just Rights for Children Alliance** seeking the court's intervention to prevent child marriages, noted that despite the [Prohibition of Child Marriage Act 2006](#), child marriages are still taking place in the state.
  - Under **Section 11 of the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act 2006**, Sarpanch and Panch will be held responsible if they negligently fail to prevent child marriages from being solemnised.
- As per [Rajasthan Panchayati Raj Rules 1996](#), a duty is cast upon Sarpanch to restrict child marriages.

### Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006

- This Act replaced the **Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929** which was enacted during the British era.
- It defines a child to mean a male below **21 years** and female below **18 years**.

### Related Initiatives:

- **Dhanalakshmi Scheme:** It is a conditional cash transfer scheme for a girl child with insurance coverage.
  - It also aims to **eliminate child marriage by offering parents insurance** coverage of medical expenses and encouraging the education of the girl child.
- **Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (BBBP):** It aims to empower girls through education, health and protection, and discourage child marriage.

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## Illegal Mining in the Aravalli Range | Rajasthan | 04 May 2024

### Why in News?

Recently, The Supreme Court verbally stated that [illegal mining](#) in the [Aravalli range](#) in Rajasthan should

be stopped.

## Key Points

- According to the court's amicus curiae (impartial adviser), the Rajasthan government tried to deceive the court by **recognizing only mountains that were at least 100 meters high as belonging to the Aravalli Range**, while not including shorter hills in the range.
  - Aravalli is the **only geographical feature** that **stops dry winds** from coming to the [Gangetic Plains](#) that come from Afghanistan and Pakistan.
  - **Aravalli is a natural barrier**. Losing it will transform our weather into the arid, dry climate.
- The court in November 2023 had taken note of [palaeolithic findings in the Aravalli](#) and directed the [Archaeological Survey of India](#) to protect the site, which could even be part of [national heritage](#).

## Aravalli range

- The Aravallis of Northwestern India, one of the oldest fold mountains of the world, now form residual mountains with an elevation of 300m. to 900m. They stretch for a distance of 800 km. from **Himmatnagar in Gujarat to Delhi, spanning Haryana, Rajasthan, Gujarat, and Delhi, the 692 kilometre (km)**.
- The mountains are divided into two main ranges - the **Sambhar Sirohi Range** and the **Sambhar Khetri Range** in Rajasthan, where their extension is about 560 km.
- These are fold mountains of which rocks are formed primarily of folded crust, when two convergent plates move towards each other by the process called **orogenic movement**.

## Archaeological Survey of India (ASI)

- ASI, under the **Ministry of Culture**, is the premier organisation for the archaeological research and protection of the cultural heritage of the nation.
  - **Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains (AMASR) Act, 1958** governs the functioning of ASI.
- It administers more than 3650 ancient monuments, archaeological sites and remains of national importance.
- Its activities include carrying out surveys of antiquarian remains, exploration and excavation of archaeological sites, conservation and maintenance of protected monuments etc.
- It was founded in **1861 by Alexander Cunningham- the first Director-General of ASI**. Alexander Cunningham is also known as the "Father of Indian Archaeology".

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## Vivekananda Scholarship | Rajasthan | 04 May 2024

### Why in News?

Rajasthan has chosen to reduce the funding for the **Swami Vivekananda Scholarship for Academic Excellence**, originally established by the former government as the **Rajiv Gandhi Scholarship for Academic Excellence**.

### Key Points

- Students with a **yearly family income exceeding Rs 8 lakh** will now need to pay a part of the

**tuition fee** starting from the next **academic session**.

- The scholarship covered the full tuition fees for 500 talented students from different income groups. It consisted of 300 scholarships for students studying overseas and 200 scholarships for those joining the top 50 institutes in the [National Institutional Ranking Framework \(NIRF\) rankings](#).
  - Even though the higher education department suggested that students from economically disadvantaged backgrounds should pay **10% of the tuition fee**, the finance department rejected this proposal.
  - Instead, students falling into the higher income brackets, with family earnings **ranging from Rs 8 lakh to Rs 25 lakh, and those exceeding Rs 25 lakh**, will now have to pay **15% and 30% of the tuition fee**, respectively.

## National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF) rankings

### ▪ About:

- The NIRF is a methodology to rank institutions across the country based on various parameters.
- NIRF was approved by the **Ministry of Education (Erstwhile Ministry of Human Resource Development)** and launched on **29<sup>th</sup> September 2015**.
- It is the **first-ever effort by the government to rank Higher Education Institutions (HEIs)** in the country.

- **Parameters for NIRF Ranking:** The weightage for each parameter varies depending on the category of the institution.

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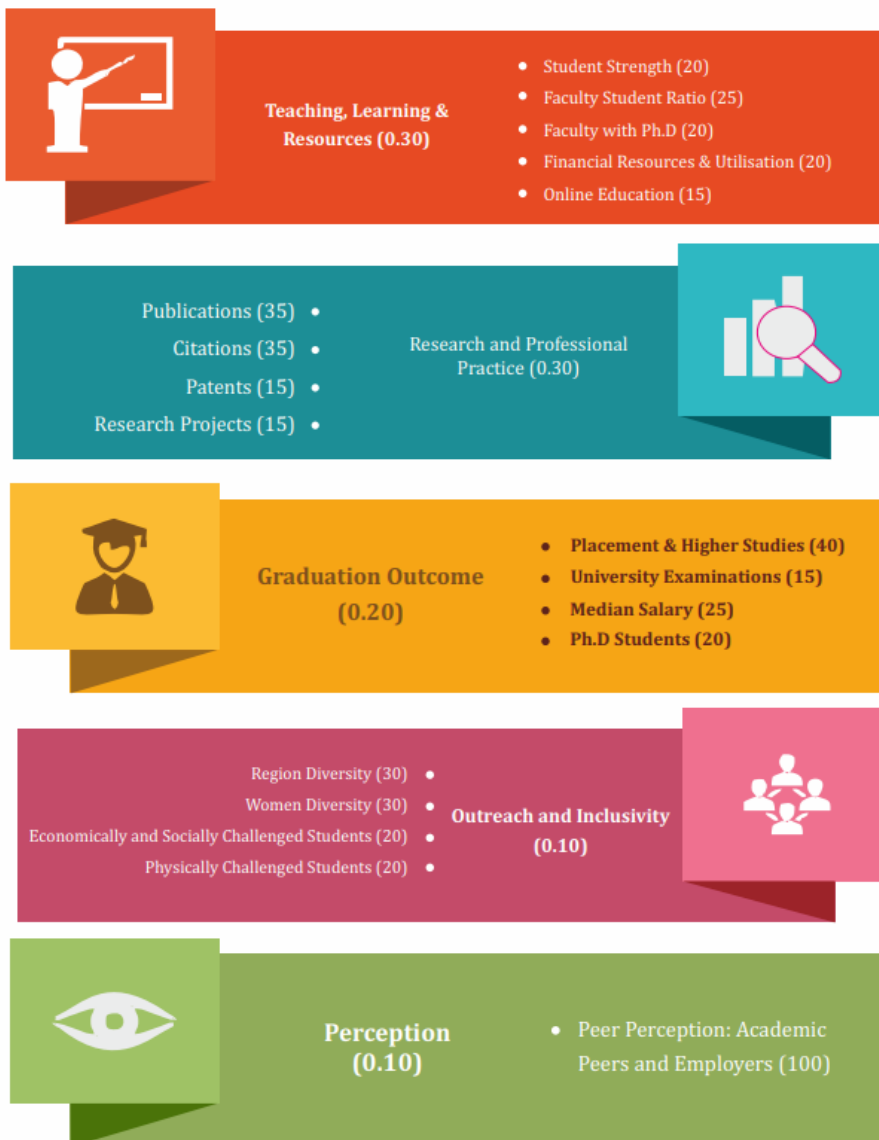


Fig. 1: NIRF Parameters for Ranking of Institutions

## QS World University Rankings

- QS World University Rankings are released annually by **Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)**.
- The rankings evaluate the **performance and quality of universities worldwide**.
- The methodology considers indicators such as academic reputation, faculty-student ratio, employer reputation, sustainability, employment outcomes, international research network, citations per faculty, international faculty ratio, and international student ratio.
- They provide **rankings by subject, region, student city, business school, and sustainability**.

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