



## Chhattisgarh Activist to Receive Green Nobel | Chhattisgarh | 30 Apr 2024

### Why in News?

Chhattisgarh's environmental activist and convener of [Chhattisgarh Bachao Andolan \(CBA\)](#), **Alok Shukla** has been selected for prestigious international level award [Goldman Environmental Prize 2024](#), also known as the **Green Nobel**.

### Key Points

- He is selected for his struggles and initiatives to protect the environment including **Hasdeo Arand**, one of the largest dense forests in central India spanning up to 170,000 hectares, having **23 coal blocks into it**. He will be felicitated in the United States.
- He successfully **campaigned and mobilized the indigenous communities** and those affected by coal mining to campaign **against Adani mining to save 445,000 acres of biodiversity-rich forests** from 21 planned coal mines in the tribal dominated state Chhattisgarh.
  - In 2009, the environment ministry notified Hasdeo Arand to be a **"No-Go" zone for mining** due to its rich forest cover but opened it again for mining. The CBA continuously fought to make Hasdeo Arand mining free.

### Hasdeo Arand Forest

- Hasdeo Arand, a sprawling forest in the **northern part of Chhattisgarh is known for its biodiversity and its coal deposits**.
- The forest falls under **Korba, Sujapur and Surguja districts** with significant tribal population.
- The **Hasdeo river, a tributary of Mahanadi**, flows through it.
- Hasdeo Arand is the **largest un-fragmented forest in Central India consisting of pristine Sal (Shorea robusta) and teak forests**.
- It is a **noted migratory corridor** and has a significant **presence of elephants**.

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## Green Nobel Prize

- The **Goldman Environmental Prize** (also known as **Green Nobel Prize**) recognizes **individuals** for sustained and significant efforts to protect and enhance the natural environment, often at great personal risk.
- It has been awarded **annually by the Goldman Environmental Foundation since 1990**.
- It honours people from the world's six continental regions: **Africa, Asia, Europe, Islands & Island Nations, North America, and South & Central America**.
- The Goldman Prize views "**grassroots**" **leaders** as those involved in local efforts, where positive change is created through community or citizen participation in the issues that affect them.
- Goldman Prize recipients are usually people from isolated villages or inner cities who choose to take great personal risks to safeguard the environment.
- The **winners are announced on Earth Day** which is observed on **22<sup>nd</sup> April every year**.

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## Muria Tribe | Chhattisgarh | 30 Apr 2024

### Why in News?

**Muria Tribe**, living in the border areas between **Andhra Pradesh (AP) and Chhattisgarh** are possessing voter cards of both the States, one is to exercise their franchise and the other is for references and proof of their nativity.

### Key Points

- The settlement is in **India's Red Corridor** on the **Andhra Pradesh-Chhattisgarh border**, affected by [Naxalism](#). It is an oasis within a reserved forest, protected by strict laws against settlement and deforestation.
- The Muria settlements are home to around 6,600 **Internally Displaced People (IDPs)** in AP. The native tribes refer to the Murias here as 'Gutti Koyas'.
  - This Tribe was displaced during the conflict between [Maoists](#) and [Salwa Judum](#).
- The Muria are an indigenous Adivasi, scheduled tribe Dravidian community of the Bastar district of Chhattisgarh. They are part of the Gondi people.

## Salwa Judum

- It is a **group of tribal persons** mobilized for resistance against outlawed armed naxalites. The group was reportedly backed by government machinery in Chhattisgarh.
- In **2011, Supreme Court of India** ruled against arming civilians in this manner banned Salwa-Judum and **directed Chhattisgarh government to disband any militia force** founded to combat Maoist guerrillas.

## Internally Displaced People (IDPs)

- IDPs are persons or **groups of persons who have been forced or obliged to flee** or to leave their homes or places of habitual residence, in particular as a result of or in order **to avoid the effects of armed conflict**, situations of generalized violence, violations of human rights or natural or human-made disasters, and who have not crossed an internationally recognised border.

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