



The Savera Programme | Haryana | 26 Feb 2024

Why in News?

Recently, Haryana Chief Minister inaugurated the **Savera programme**, aimed at early detection and prevention of [Breast Cancer](#). It was initiated by the **Medanta Foundation** in collaboration with the **Health Department in Gurgaon**.

Key Points

- Under the scheme, **visually impaired people will conduct screening for [breast cancer](#)** as they have **natural tactile sensitivity**.
- The importance of this ability has been understood, tested, and used by people associated with the medical world. Visually impaired people **can detect breast cancer up to half a centimeter, whereas a normal doctor can detect it up to one centimeter**, after examination.
 - In its **initial phase**, the programme will be launched at **Civil Hospital in Sector 10**, the **polyclinic in Sector 31**, and **PHC in Wazirabad**.
- According to the CM, about 90,000 women across the country lose their lives due to breast cancer, on a daily basis.
 - He also mentioned the **establishment of the National Cancer Institute at AIIMS in Jhajjar district**, which has been equipped with 1,000 beds.

Cancer

- **About:**
 - It is a complex and broad term used to describe **a group of diseases characterised by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells** in the body.
 - These **abnormal cells, known as cancer cells**, have the ability to invade and **destroy healthy tissues and organs**.
 - In a healthy body, cells grow, divide, and die in a regulated manner, allowing for the normal functioning of tissues and organs.
 - However, in the **case of cancer, certain genetic mutations or abnormalities disrupt this normal cell cycle**, causing cells to divide and grow uncontrollably.
- **Breast Cancer**
 - It is a disease in which abnormal **breast cells grow out of control and form tumours**. If left unchecked, the tumours can spread throughout the body and become fatal.
 - Breast cancer cells **begin inside the milk ducts and/or the milk-producing lobules** of the breast.
 - The earliest form (in situ) is not life-threatening. Cancer cells can spread into nearby breast tissue (invasion). This creates tumours that cause lumps or thickening.
 - Invasive cancers can spread to nearby lymph nodes or other organs (metastasize). Metastasis can be fatal.
 - **Treatment** is based on the person, the type of cancer and its spread. Treatment combines surgery, radiation therapy and medications.
- **Cervical Cancer:**
 - Cervical cancer **develops in a woman's cervix (the entrance to the uterus from the vagina)**.
 - Almost all cervical cancer cases (99%) are linked to infection with high-risk **human**

papillomaviruses (HPV), an extremely common virus transmitted through sexual contact.

- Two HPV types (16 and 18) are responsible for nearly **50% of high grade cervical pre-cancers**.
- **Cervical cancer is the fourth most common cancer among women globally**. About 90% of the new cases and deaths worldwide in 2020 occurred in low- and middle-income countries.

Khelo India Youth Games 2024 Medal Tally | Haryana | 26 Feb 2024

Why in News?

Recently, Haryana emerged among the top three states in [Khelo India Youth Games \(KIYG\) 2024](#), the sixth edition of the flagship event under the Indian government's Khelo India initiative.

Key Points

- Over **5,600 athletes from all over the country competed** at the Khelo India Youth Games 2024, which ran from 19th to 31st January, 2024. **Tamil Nadu hosted the KIYG 2024** in four cities - Chennai, Madurai, Trichy and Coimbatore.
 - **Maharashtra** defended their Khelo India Youth Games title after topping the medals tally with **57 gold medals, 48 silver and 53 bronze**. It was their fourth KIYG title.
 - Host state **Tamil Nadu finished second with 38 gold, 21 silver and 39 bronze** for their best-ever finish.
 - **Haryana**, who have won two KIYG titles, **came third with 35 gold, 22 silver and 46 bronze medals**.
- A total of 926 medals - 278 gold, 278 silver and 370 bronze - were on offer across 26 sports at KIYG 2024 Tamil Nadu.
 - **Squash made its KIYG debut** this year while [Silambam](#), a form of indigenous martial arts, featured as a demonstration sport.

Silambam

- It is an **ancient weapon-based martial art** that emerged in Tamilakam, which is now the Tamil Nadu region of India. It is **one of the oldest martial arts in the world**.
- The term Silambam contains a meaning which itself reveals about the sport, **silam stands for a 'mountain' and bam stands for bamboo** which is the main weapon used in this form of martial arts.
- It is closely linked to the Kerala martial art [kalaripayattu](#).

//



Haryana Budget 2024-25 | Haryana | 26 Feb 2024

Why in News?

Recently, **Chief Minister of Haryana** Manohar Lal Khattar **unveiled** the **budget for the financial year 2024-25**, setting aside Rs 1.89 lakh crore, an increase of over 11% from 2023-24.

Key Points

- **Key highlights** of the budget 2024-25:
 - The budget of **Rs. 1,89,876.61 crore** is presented for the year 2024-25, with **no new taxes proposed**.
 - This includes **Rs. 1,34,456.36 crore as revenue expenditure** and **Rs. 55,420.25 crore as capital expenditure**, accounting for 70.81% and 29.19% of the total budget respectively.
 - During the period 2014-15 to 2023-24, Haryana's [Gross State Domestic Product \(GSDP\)](#), at constant prices (2011-12 prices), has recorded a [compound annual growth](#) rate of 6.1% from Rs. 3,70,535 crore in 2014-15 to Rs. 6,34,027 crore in 2023-24.
 - In 2023-24, the share of the tertiary sector in **Gross State Value Added (GSVA)** is estimated at 52.6% and 18.1% in the primary sector. The [primary, secondary, and tertiary sectors](#) have recorded growth of 8.6 percent, 6.3%, and 13.8% in 2023-24.
 - The share of the **secondary sector** has been estimated at **29.3%**.
 - The turnover of **State Public Enterprises (PSE)** in 2022-23 was estimated at **Rs. 79,907 crore**, indicating an increase of **11.94%**.
- The CM also announced that the **interest and penalty will be waived on crop loans** taken by farmers from [Primary Agriculture Credit Societies \(PACS\)](#).

Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP)

- It is a measure in monetary terms, **the sum total volume of all finished goods and services produced during a given period of time**, usually a year, **within the geographical boundaries of the State**, accounted without duplication.
- These estimates of the economy, over a period of time, reveal the extent and direction of the changes in the levels of economic development.
- It is classified under three broad sectors such as **Primary sector, Secondary sector and Tertiary sector** and is compiled economic activity wise as per the methodology prescribed by the **National Accounts Division, National Statistical Office**, Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation.

Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS)

- PACS are village level **cooperative credit societies** that serve as the last link in a three-tier cooperative credit structure headed by the **State Cooperative Banks (SCB) at the state level**.
- Credit from the SCBs is **transferred to the District Central Cooperative Banks (DCCBs)**, which operate at the district level. The DCCBs work with PACS, which deal directly with farmers.
- PACSs provide **short-term, and medium-term agricultural loans** to the farmers for the various agricultural and farming activities.
- The first PACS was formed in **1904**.

