

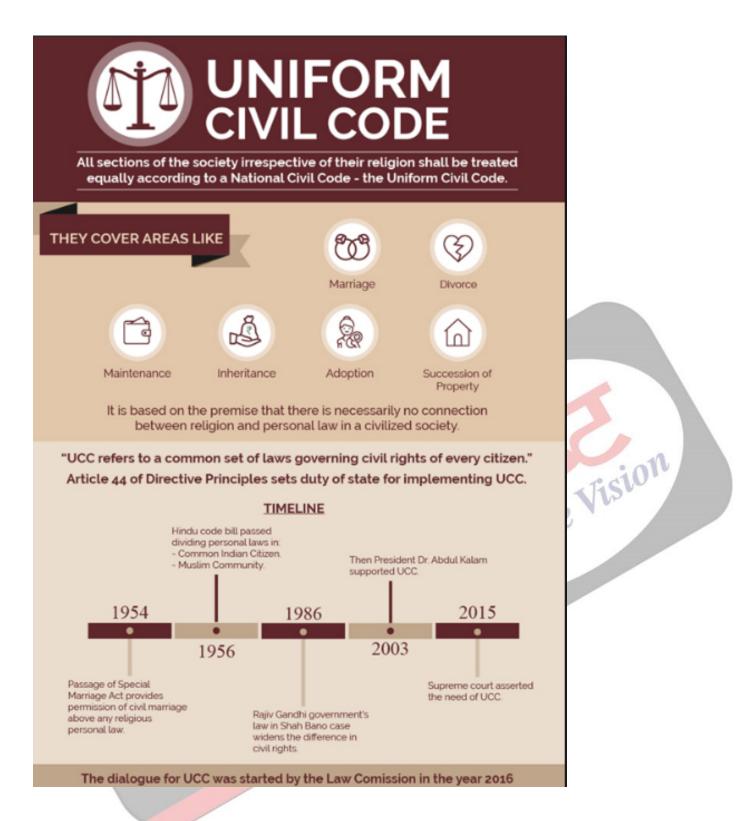
Uttarakhand Set to Exempt Tribals from UCC | Uttarakhand | 02 Feb 2024

Why in News?

The proposed **Uttarakhand** <u>Uniform Civil Code</u> to be introduced in the state assembly is set to **exempt the state's** <u>tribal population</u> **fully from its provisions.**

Key Points

- Tribals constitute about 2.9% of Uttarakhand's population with the Jaunsari, Bhotiyas,
 Tharu, Raji and Buksa among the prominent ones.
 - Polyandry and polygamy are also prevalent customs among a few tribes in thehill state.
- The Uttarakhand UCC committee had also held talks with these tribal communities on a uniform code.
 - The younger tribal population had also given feedback that while polyandry/polygamy
 and other practices were in vogue in earlier generations, they are hardly in practice now
 and hence the reform was welcomed.
 - However, tribal and ethnic communities across states, especially the northeast, have openly expressed their opposition to the imposition of any civil code that could impact their customs and age-old ways of life.
- Halala, Iddat and Khula options on divorce and remarriage for Muslims will be illegal
 under the new code which will call for divorce and remarriage only by way of legal proceedings
 in courts of law.
- The state's code will mandate compulsory registration of live-in relationships and seek full succession rights for children born out of such unions.



Tribes of Uttarakhand

- Tribes of Uttarakhand **mainly comprise five major groups** namely Jaunsari tribe, Tharu tribe, Raji tribe, Buksa tribe, and Bhutia.
- The main concentration of the tribal population is in rural areas.
 - As per records, **around 94.50% of the total tribal population resides in rural areas** and the remaining percentage of the tribal population lives in urban centres.
- In terms of population, the **Tharu tribe is the largest tribal group** in the state.
- Every district of Uttarakhand has more or less a moderate percentage of the tribal population.
- These tribes of Uttarakhand have been scheduled in the Constitution of India.

Uttarakhand Receive Fresh Snowfall | Uttarakhand | 02 Feb 2024

Why in News?

Recently, **Uttarakhand received its first snowfall of the season** along with Jammu and Kashmir, and Himachal Pradesh.

Key Points

■ The <u>India Meteorological Department (IMD)</u> had earlier predicted heavy rain and snowfall in the mountainous regions of the three states in the coming days due to a <u>western disturbance</u>.

India Meteorological Department (IMD)

- It was established in 1875. It is the National Meteorological Service of the country and the principal government agency in all matters relating to meteorology and allied subjects.
 - It works as an agency of the Ministry of Earth Sciences of the Government of India.
- It is headquartered in New Delhi.
- IMD is also one of the six Regional Specialized Meteorological Centres of the World Meteorological Organization.

Western Disturbances

- Western disturbances are storms that originate in the <u>Caspian</u> or <u>Mediterranean Sea</u>, and bring non-monsoonal rainfall to northwest India, according to the IMD.
- They are labelled as an extra-tropical storm originating in the Mediterranean, is an area of low pressure that brings sudden showers, snow and fog in northwest India.
- The meaning of WD lies in its name.
 - The disturbance travels from the "western" to the eastern direction.
 - These travel eastwards on **high-altitude westerly jet streams massive ribbons** of fast winds traversing the earth from west to east.
- Disturbance means an area of "disturbed" or reduced air pressure.
 - Equilibrium exists in nature due to which the air in a region tries to normalise its pressure.
- In the term **"extra-tropical storm"**, storm refers to low pressure. **"Extra-tropical" means outside the tropics.** As the WD originates outside the tropical region, the word "extra-tropical" has been associated with them.

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