

Rapid Fire Current Affairs

Exercise KAZIND-2023

Indian Army and <u>Indian Air Force</u> contingent departed for <u>Kazakhstan</u> to participate in the **7th edition** of **Joint Military** '<u>Exercise KAZIND</u>-2023'.

- The exercise will occur in Otar, Kazakhstan from 30th October to 11th November, 2023.
- The exercise between India and Kazakhstan began as "Exercise PRABAL DOSTYK" in 2016. After the second edition, it was renamed "Exercise KAZIND" and upgraded to a company-level exercise. This year, it was further upgraded to a bi-service exercise with the inclusion of the Air Force component.
 - In this edition, both sides will practice counter-terrorism operations in a sub-conventional environment under a **United Nations** mandate.



Read more: KAZIND-2022

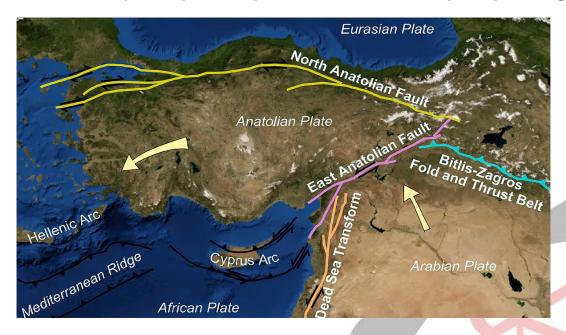
Causes of the 2023 Turkey-Syria Earthquakes

A recent study published in the journal Science sheds light on the catastrophic <u>earthquakes</u> that struck <u>Turkey and Syria in February 2023</u>. These earthquakes, with unprecedented scale and destruction, have prompted a closer look at the intricate interplay of **tectonic forces**.

- Earth's crust is divided into **tectonic plates**, where **fault lines** form due to interactions such as **collisions**, **separations**, **or sliding**.
 - The **East and North Anatolian Fault Lines**, stretching over 700 km and 1,500 km, played a significant role in the Turkey earthquakes.
- During the earthquakes, the conversation between the fault lines was interrupted by a seismic

cascade (chain reaction of **ruptures or movements in the Earth's crust** that occurred during the earthquakes). Leading to a much bigger rupture than anticipated and causing extensive damage.

■ These findings underscore the unpredictable nature of seismic events and reveal shortcomings in enforcing building codes to **prevent disaster in earthquake-prone regions.**



Read more: Earthquakes in Turkey and Causes

Dark Pattern Sales by Airlines Deemed 'Cybercrime'

The <u>Ministry of Civil Aviation</u> has directed its attention towards contentious practices observed within airlines and online travel agencies identified as <u>"dark patterns"</u>, a matter raising **potential cybercrime** concerns.

- This has triggered a significant influx of consumer complaints, leading to government involvement. Specifically, the government has called upon major carrier IndiGo to rectify deceptive online practices related to seat selection and additional fees.
- Dark patterns are manipulative design strategies used in websites or apps. They are crafted to trick or push users into doing things they might not want to do.
 - These can include hidden fees, misleading buttons, or confusing layouts, all aiming to make users take actions that benefit the company, not the user.

Read more: <u>Dark Patterns</u>

PFRDA's Mandatory Penny-Drop Verification for NPS

The <u>Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA)</u> has introduced mandatory 'penny drop' verification for <u>National Pension System</u> (NPS) subscribers, ensuring timely fund transfers during withdrawals.

- The penny drop verification process involves Central Recordkeeping Agencies (CRA) verifying the active status of the savings bank account and cross-referencing the name in the account with the subscriber's Permanent Retirement Account Number (PRAN) or submitted documents.
- The verification success, inclusive of name matching, is vital for processing exit/withdrawal requests and modifying subscriber bank account details.
 - Failure in the penny drop verification prohibits any such requests, prompting CRA to collaborate with nodal offices for rectification.

Read more: National Pension System

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/rapid-fire-current-affairs-258

