



# Ratle Hydro Electric Project

## Why in News

The Union Cabinet has given its approval for **850 MegaWatt (MW) Ratle hydropower project** on **Chenab river** in Jammu and Kashmir.

## Key Points

### ▪ About the Ratle Hydroelectric Project:

- **Location:** It is a **run-of-the-river hydroelectric** power station **on the Chenab River, Kishtwar district** of the Indian Union Territory of **Jammu and Kashmir**.
- **Features:** It includes **a 133 m tall gravity dam** and **two power stations** adjacent to one another.
  - The installed capacity of both power stations will be **850 MW**.
- **Background:** In June 2013, the then Indian Prime Minister laid the foundation stone for the dam.
  - **Pakistan has frequently alleged** that it violates the [Indus Water Treaty, 1960](#).
- **The Latest Approval:** It envisages an investment of about **Rs. 5282 crore** and the project shall be **commissioned within a span of 60 months**.

### ▪ Pakistan's Objections and Indus Water Treaty:

- The Pakistan government in 2013 had objected to the construction of the dam, claiming that it was not in conformity with the **Indus Water Treaty**.
- In **August 2017**, the [World Bank](#) allowed India to construct the dam.
- Pakistan has approached the World Bank **with fresh protests**, but the Centre has now **decided to go ahead with the construction**.
  - The **Indus Waters Treaty** was signed in 1960 after **nine years of negotiations** between India and Pakistan **with the help of the World Bank, which is also a signatory**.
  - The Treaty **provides India an absolute control of all the waters of Eastern Rivers** while **Pakistan shall receive for unrestricted use all those waters of the Western Rivers** which **India** is under obligation to let flow beyond the **permitted uses**.
  - The **Ravi, the Beas and the Sutlej** are together called as **Eastern Rivers** while the **Chenab, the Jhelum and the Indus main** are called as **Western Rivers**.

### ▪ Benefits:

- **Strategic:**
  - This comes in the backdrop of India's **plan to expedite strategically important hydropower projects** in the union territory post its reorganization, as the government **plans to fully utilize its share of water under the Indus Waters**

### **Treaty of 1960.**

- The task is seen as strategically vital in the context of China developing the controversial **China-Pakistan Economic Corridor** (CPEC), part of its **One Belt One Road** (OBOR) infrastructure initiative.
- **Socio-Economic Development:** The construction activities of the Project will result in **direct** and **indirect employment** to around 4000 persons. Increase in **disposable income** will in turn lead to **socio-economic development** of the region.
- **Power at Cheaper Rates:** Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir will be benefitted by getting **free power** worth Rs. 5289 crore.
- **Surplus Power:** The Power generated from the Project will help in providing **balancing of Grid** and will improve the **power supply position**.
  - Grid balancing involves increasing existing power generating infrastructure to smooth out the supply of power.
- **Government Revenue:** Through levy of **Water Usage Charges** from Rattle Hydro Electric Project, during project life cycle of **40 years**.
- **Other Projects on Chenab Basin:**
  - **Kiru Hydro Electric (HE) Project:**
    - The Kiru HE Project of 624 MW installed capacity is proposed on river Chenab (Kishtwar district).
  - **Pakal Dul (Drangdhuran) Hydroelectric Project:**
    - It is a reservoir based scheme proposed on river **Marusudar**, the main **right bank tributary of river Chenab** in Kishtwar Tehsil of Doda District in Jammu & Kashmir.
  - **Dulhasti Power Station:**
    - It is run-of-the-river with an installed capacity of 390 MW to harness the hydropower potential of **river Chenab** (Kishtwar district).
  - **Salal Power Station:**
    - It is a run-of-the-river scheme with an installed capacity of 690 MW to harness the Hydropower potential of **river Chenab**. It is located in **Reasi district of Jammu & Kashmir**.

### **Chenab River**

- **Source:** It rises in the upper Himalayas in the **Lahaul and Spiti district** of **Himachal Pradesh state**.
  - The river is formed by the confluence of two rivers, **Chandra and Bhaga, at Tandi, 8 km southwest of Keylong**, in the **Lahaul and Spiti district**.
    - The **Bhaga river** originates from **Surya taal lake**, which is situated a few kilometers west of the **Bara-lacha la pass** in Himachal Pradesh.
    - The **Chandra river** originates from **glaciers east of the same pass** (near Chandra Taal).
- **Flows Through:** It flows through the **Jammu region of Jammu and Kashmir into the plains of Punjab, Pakistan, before flowing into the Indus River**.



**Source:PIB**

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