



Samarth Scheme for Textile Sector

Why in News

The **Ministry of Textiles** is implementing the Samarth-Scheme for Capacity Building in the Textiles Sector.

- Samarth Scheme, also known as **Scheme for Capacity Building in the Textile Sector (SCBTS)**, was approved by [Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs \(CCEA\)](#) in **2017** in order to ensure steady supply of skilled manpower in the labour-intensive textile sector.

Key Points

- **Objectives :**
 - Provide **demand driven, placement oriented [National Skills Qualifications Framework \(NSQF\) compliant skilling programmes](#)** to create jobs in the organized textile and related sectors, covering the **entire value chain of textile, excluding Spinning and Weaving.**
 - Promote **skilling and skill upgradation** in the traditional sectors of handlooms, handicrafts, sericulture and jute.
 - Enable provision of **sustainable livelihood** either by wage or self employment.
- 18 State Governments have been allocated a training target of 3.6 lakh beneficiaries for conducting **training programmes in traditional and organized sectors.**
- Industry/industry associations are being empanelled for undertaking **industry oriented entry level skilling programmes** in the organized sectors.
- **Other Schemes of the Textile Sector**
 - [Scheme for Integrated Textile Park \(SITP\)](#)
 - [Power-Tex India](#)
 - [Silk Samagra Scheme](#)
 - [Amended Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme \(ATUFS\)](#)
 - [National Handloom Day](#)
 - [Jute ICARE](#)
 - [National Technical Textile Mission](#)

Source: PIB