

# Kai Chutney: Odisha

# Why in News?

In Odisha, scientists are making a presentation for the **Geographical Indications (GI)** registry of **Kai Chutney.** 

- The GI tag would help develop a structured hygiene protocol in the preparation of Kai Chutney for standard wider use. GI labels enhance the reputation and value of local products and support local businesses.
- In 2019, Odisha received the GI Tag for Odisha Rasagola.

#### What are the Weaver Ants?

- Kai (Red Weaver Ant) Ants, scientifically called *Oecophylla smaragdina*, are abundantly found in Mayurbhani throughout the year. They construct nests with leaves of host trees.
  - The nests are strong enough to withstand wind and are impermeable to water.
  - Kai's nests are usually elliptical in shape and range in size from a single small leaf folded and bound onto itself to large nests consisting of many leaves and which measure over half a meter in length.
- The family consists of three category members workers, major workers and queens.
  - Workers and major workers are mostly orange-colored.
- They feed on small insects and other invertebrates, their prey being mainly beetles, flies and hymenopterans.
- Kais are bio-control agents. They are aggressive and prey on most arthropods entering their territory.
- Due to their predatory habit, Kais are recognized as biological control agents in tropical crops as they are able to protect a variety of crops against many different insect pests. In this way, they are utilized indirectly as an alternative to the chemical insecticides.



# What is Kai Chutney?

#### About:

- The Kai Chutney is prepared from the Weaver ants and are popular in Odisha's
  Mayurbhanj district among the people, mostly tribals.
- When required, leafy nests of ants are plucked from their host trees and collected in a bucket of water before sorting and separation from leaves and debris.

### Significance:

- It helps in getting rid of flu, common cold, whooping cough, to increase appetite, enhance vision and eyesight naturally.
- The tribal healers also prepare medicinal oil, which is used as baby oil and externally used to cure rheumatism, gout, ringworm and other skin diseases.
- So it is the only panacea for the tribes.

# What is Geographical Indication Status?

#### About:

- GI is an indication used to identify goods having special characteristics originating from a definite geographical territory.
- The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999 seeks to provide for the registration and better protection of geographical indications relating to goods in India.
  - The Act is administered by the Controller General of Patents, Designs and TradeMarks- who is the Registrar of Geographical Indications.
  - The Geographical Indications Registry is located at Chennai.
- The registration of a geographical indication is valid for a period of 10 years. It can be renewed from time to time for a further period of 10 years each.
- It is also a part of the **World Trade Organisation's** Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS).
  - Recent Examples: <u>Judima Wine Rice (Assam)</u>, <u>Tirur Vetilla</u> (Kerala), <u>Dindigul</u>
    <u>Lock and Kandangi Saree</u> (Tamil Nadu), Odisha etc.

#### Significance of GI Tag:

 Once the GI protection is granted, no other producer can misuse the name to market similar products. It also provides comfort to customers about the authenticity of that product. Having a GI tag for a product prevents unauthorised use of a registered
 Geographical Indication by others, boosts exports of Indian Geographical
 indications by providing legal protection and also enables seeking legal protection in
 other WTO (World Trade Organizations) member countries.

# **UPSC Civil Services Exam, Previous Year Questions (PYQ)**

## Q. Which of the following has/have been accorded 'Geographical Indication' status? (2015)

- 1. Banaras Brocades and Sarees
- 2. Rajasthani Daal-Bati-Churma
- 3. Tirupathi Laddu

## Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- **(b)** 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (c)

#### Exp:

- A Geographical Indication (GI) is a sign used on products that have a specific geographical origin and possess qualities or a reputation that are due to that origin.
- India, as a member of the World Trade Organization (WTO), enacted the Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999, which came into force with effect from 15th September 2003.
- Darjeeling tea was the first product in India to get a GI tag.
- Banaras Brocades and Sarees and Tirupathi Laddu have got GI tag while Rajathan's Daal-Baati-Churma does not. Hence, 1 and 3 are correct. Therefore, option (c) is the correct answer

**Source: TH** 

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