

Srivilliputhur-Megamalai Tiger Reserve and Vaigai River: Tamil Nadu

Why in News

The recently declared **Srivilliputhur-Megamalai Tiger Reserve** in **Tamil Nadu** will provide protection to **Megamalai**, the **Vaigai's primary catchment**, in turn helping water levels to rise in the river.



Key Points

- About Vaigai River:
 - Origin and Tributaries:

- It originates in the Western Ghats (Varushanad Hills).
- It travels through the **Pandya Nadu region** of Tamil Nadu.
- Its **main tributaries** are Suruliyaru, Mullaiyaru, Varaganadhi, Manjalaru, Kottagudi, Kridhumaal and Upparu.
- The Vaigai is 258 kms long and finally empties into the Palk Strait near the Pamban Bridge in Ramanathapuram district.

Heritage River:

- The Vaigai was the river that **flowed through the noted city of Madurai**, the **capital** (4th-11th century CE) **of the ancient and prosperous Pandya kingdom** located in southern Tamil Nadu.
- The river finds a mention in <u>Sangam</u> literature dated to 300 before the Common Fra

Significance:

- The river fulfils the **drinking water requirement of five districts of Tamil Nadu** namely Theni, Madurai, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai and Dindigul.
- It also provides **irrigation to 2,00,000 hectares** of agricultural land.

Rejuvenation of Vaigai:

- Its deterioration happened at the end of the 18th century when the British started deforesting the Megamalai region which acts as a major catchment for Vaigai.
 Consequently, the water flow in the river reduced gradually.
 - Some 2,00,000 people died in this region during the Great Famine of 1876-77.
- Following the famine, the British Crown proposed diverting water from the Periyar river (Kerala) and feeding it to the Vaigai through a tunnel.
 - The Vaigai presently **gets about 80% of its water from the Periyar dam.** The **balance 20%** is obtained from the **major watershed of the Megamalai region** during the northeast monsoon season.
- The Srivilliputhur-Megamalai Tiger Reserve will protect wild animals and the natural forests, their habitats which act as watersheds.
- Srivilliputhur-Megamalai Tiger Reserve:

Establishment:

- It was established **in February 2021.** It was jointly declared by the Centre and Tamil Nadu governments.
- For this, the **Megamalai WLS** and the adjoining **Srivilliputhur WLS** were clubbed together.
- Srivilliputhur-Megamalai Tiger Reserve is the fifth Tiger Reserve of Tamil Nadu, and 51th tiger reserve of India.

Ecological Diversity:

- Animals seen here are <u>Bengal tiger</u>, <u>elephants</u>, <u>gaur</u>, Indian giant squirrel, <u>leopard</u>, <u>Nilgiri Tahrs</u>, etc.
- It has a mix of tropical evergreen forests and semi-evergreen forests, dry deciduous forests and moist mixed deciduous forests, grassland.

Other four Tiger reserves of Tamil Nadu:

- Anamalai tiger reserve
- Kalakkad Mundanthurai tiger reserve
- Mudumalai tiger reserve
- Sathyamangalam tiger reserve

Source: DTE

PDF Refernece URL: htt river-tamil-nadu	:ps://www.drishtiias.cor	n/printpdf/srivilliputhu	ur-megamalai-tiger-re	serve-and-vaigai-