

# **Anti-Dumping Duty on Steel Imports from China**

# Why in News

Recently, the Directorate General of Trade Remedies (DGTR) has initiated a probe to **review the need for continuing imposition of anti-dumping duty on certain types of steel products imported from China**, following complaints from domestic industry.

• The duty on the certain <u>steel products</u> was first imposed in February 2017 and is set to expire on 16th May 2021.

#### **Directorate General of Trade Remedies**

- It is the apex national authority under the Ministry of Commerce and Industry for administering all trade remedial measures including anti-dumping, countervailing duties and safeguard measures.
- It **provides trade defence support** to the domestic industry and exporters in dealing with increasing instances of trade remedy investigations instituted against them by other countries.

# **Key Points**

#### About:

- Some of the major private domestic producers of steel have filed an application before the DGTR for a sunset review of anti-dumping duty imposed on imports of seamless tubes, pipes and hollow profiles of iron, alloy or non-alloy steel from China.
- The applicants have alleged that dumping of these products from China has continued even after imposition of anti-dumping duty, and there has been a significant increase in the volume of imports.
- **DGTR would review the need for continued imposition of the duties** in force and examine whether the expiry of existing duties is likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and impact the domestic industry.

### Anti Dumping Duty:

## About Dumping:

- Dumping is said to occur when the goods are exported by a country to another country at a price lower than the price it normally charges in its own home market.
- This is **an unfair trade practice** which can have a distortive effect on international trade.

### Objective:

• **Imposition of Anti-dumping duty is a measure** to rectify the situation arising out of the dumping of goods and its trade distortive effect.

- In the long-term, anti-dumping duties can reduce the international competition of domestic companies producing similar goods.
- It is a **protectionist tariff** that a domestic government imposes on foreign imports that it believes are priced below fair market value.
- The use of anti-dumping measures as an instrument of fair competition is **permitted by the** World Trade Organisation.
- Different From Countervailing Duties:
  - An Anti-Dumping Duty (ADD) is a customs duty on imports providing a protection against the dumping of goods at prices substantially lower than the normal value whereas Countervailing duty is a customs duty on goods that have received government subsidies in the originating or exporting country.
- WTO's Provisions Related to Anti-Dumping Duty:
  - **Validity:** An anti-dumping duty is **valid for a period of five years** from the date of imposition unless revoked earlier.
  - **Sunset Review:** It can be extended for a further period of five years through a sunset or expiry review investigation.
    - A Sunset review/ expiry review is an evaluation of the need for the continued existence of a program or an agency. It allows for an assessment of the effectiveness and performance of the program or agency.
    - Such a review can be initiated suo moto or on the basis of a duly substantiated request received from or on behalf of the domestic industry.

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