

# **MoU for Seaplane Services in India**

## Why in News

The Ministry of Ports, Shipping and Waterways and the Ministry of Civil Aviation signed Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) for Development of Seaplane Services in India.

 India's <u>first seaplane service started</u> operation between Kevadia and Sabarmati Riverfront in Ahmedabad in October 2020, under **Sagarmala Seaplane Services**.

## **Key Points**

#### About MoU:

- This MoU envisages developing non-scheduled and scheduled operation of seaplane services within territorial jurisdiction of India.
- Seaplane services will be developed as a part of the RCS-UDAN (Regional Connectivity Scheme-Ude Desh Ka Aam Nagrik) initiative of the Civil Aviation Ministry.
- The Shipping Ministry would identify and develop waterfront aerodromes and other required infrastructure.
- The Civil Aviation Ministry will select potential airline operators through a bidding process. It will also incorporate the location and routes as identified by the Shipping Ministry.

### Benefits:

- This MoU will help in **expediting the development of new water aerodromes** and also **operationalisation of new seaplane routes** in India.
- It will not only **enhance seamless connectivity** across the nation by promoting ecofriendly transportation through seaplanes but also give a boost to the tourism industry.
- It will lead to an increase in tourism and hotel business at the local level. It will also serve employment to local people.
- Establishment of water airports will contribute to an increase in the level of current social
  infrastructural facilities (healthcare, education, community housing, etc.) at the
  proposed sites.

## About UDAN Scheme:

- Ude Desh ka Aam Nagrik (UDAN) was launched as a regional connectivity scheme under the Ministry of Civil Aviation in 2016.
- The **objective of the scheme** is to create affordable yet economically viable and profitable flights on regional routes so that flying becomes affordable to the common man even in small towns.
- The scheme envisages providing connectivity to un-served and underserved airports
  of the country through the revival of existing air-strips and airports. The scheme is
  operational for a period of 10 years.
  - Under-served airports are those **which do not have more than one flight** a day, while unserved airports are those where there are no operations.
- Financial incentives from the Centre, state governments and airport operators are

extended to selected airlines to encourage operations from unserved and under-served airports, and keep airfares affordable.

## About UDAN 4.1:

- The UDAN 4.1 focuses on connecting smaller airports, along with special helicopter and seaplane routes.
- Some new routes have been proposed under the **Sagarmala Seaplane services.**
- Sagarmala Seaplane Services:
  - It is an ambitious project under the Ministry of Ports, Shipping and Waterways.
  - The project is being initiated under a **Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV)** framework through **prospective airline operators.**
  - The project execution and implementation would be through **Sagarmala Development Company Ltd (SDCL)**, which is under the administrative control of the Ministry.
  - To provide connectivity and easier accessibility to remote locations, SDCL is exploring plans to leverage the potential of the vast coastline and numerous water bodies/rivers across India by commencing seaplane operations.
    - Several destinations are envisaged for seaplane operations. Seaplanes will utilise the nearby water bodies for take-off and landing and thus connect those places in an economical way as conventional airport infrastructure like a runway and terminal buildings are not required for seaplane operations.
  - $\circ\,$  The routes may be operated under the government's subsidised UDAN scheme.

**Source: PIB** 

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