

Chilika Lake: Odisha

Why in News

As per the water bird status survey-2022 conducted in the <u>Chilika lake</u>, nearly 11 lakhs water bird and wetland dependent species visited the lake.

Chilika Lake is the largest brackish water lake and wintering ground of the birds in the Indian subcontinent.



Key Points

About Chilika Lake:

- Chilika is Asia's largest and world's second largest lagoon.
- In 1981, Chilika Lake was designated the **first Indian wetland** of international importance under the **Ramsar Convention**.
- Major attraction at Chilika is <u>Irrawaddy dolphins</u> which are often spotted off Satapada Island.
- The large **Nalabana Island (Forest of Reeds)** covering about 16 sq km in the lagoon area was declared a bird sanctuary in 1987.
- Kalijai Temple Located on an island in the Chilika Lake.
- Chilika lake hosts birds migrating from thousands of miles away from the Caspian Sea, Lake Baikal, Aral Sea, remote parts of Russia, Kirghiz steppes of Mongolia, Central and South East Asia, Ladakh and the Himalayas.
- The birds find the vast mud-field and abundant fish stock here suitable to congregate.
- Migratory Species in India:
 - India is a temporary home to several migratory animals and birds.

- The important among these include <u>Amur Falcons</u>, <u>Bar-headed Geese</u>, <u>Black-necked cranes</u>, <u>Marine turtles</u>, <u>Dugongs</u>, <u>Humpback Whales</u>, etc.
- India has also launched the National Action Plan for the conservation of migratory species under the Central Asian Flyway as India is a party to <u>Convention on Migratory</u> <u>Species (CMS).</u>

Source: TH

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