

FMCG Sector Growth to Slow Down

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The growth of FMCG sector is set to slow down mainly because of insufficient income growth, low sentiment and liquidity crunch. And this may be due to **slowdown in rural demand, reduced farm incomes** and **low consumer confidence**.

FMCG sector in India

- Fast moving consumer goods (FMCG) are the 4th largest sector in the Indian economy.
- There are three main segments in the sector **food and beverages (19%)**, healthcare (31%) and household & personal care (remaining 50%).
- Growing awareness, easier access and changing lifestyles have been the key growth drivers for the sector.
- The urban segment is the largest contributor to the overall revenue generated by the FMCG sector in India.
- However, in the last few years, the FMCG market has grown at a faster pace in rural India compared with urban India.



Initiatives by Government in FMCG sector

- Approval of 100% Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in the cash and carry segment and in single-brand retail along with 51% FDI in multi-brand retail.
- 100% FDI allowed in food processing segment.
- These initiatives will bolster employment and supply chains, and also provide high visibility for FMCG brands in organised retail markets, thereby leading to increased consumer
- spending and encouraging more product launches.
- Introduction of the Goods and Services Tax (GST) is beneficial for the FMCG industry. For instance, FMCG products such as soap, toothpaste and hair oil now come under 18% tax bracket against the previous 23-24% rate.